MEETING

STATE OF CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION OPEN SESSION

ROBERT F. CARLSON AUDITORIUM

LINCOLN PLAZA NORTH

400 P STREET

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 2017 9:00 A.M.

JAMES F. PETERS, CSR CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER LICENSE NUMBER 10063

APPEARANCES

BOARD MEMBERS:

Mr. Rob Feckner, President

Mr. Henry Jones, Vice President

Mr. Michael Bilbrey

Mr. John Chiang, represented by Mr. Steve Juarez and Mr. Eric Lawyer

Mr. Richard Costigan

Mr. Richard Gillihan

Ms. Dana Hollinger

Mr. J.J. Jelincic

Mr. Ron Lind

Ms. Priya Mathur

Mr. Bill Slaton

Ms. Theresa Taylor

Ms. Betty Yee, represented by Ms. Lynn Paquin

STAFF:

Ms. Marcie Frost, Chief Executive Officer

Ms. Liana Bailey-Crimmins, Interim Deputy Executive Officer

Mr. Ted Eliopoulos, Chief Investment Officer

Mr. Matthew Jacobs, General Counsel

Mr. Douglas Hoffner, Deputy Executive Officer

Ms. Donna Lum, Deputy Executive Officer

APPEARANCES CONTINUED

STAFF:

- Mr. Brad Pacheco, Deputy Executive Officer
- Mr. Scott Terando, Chief Actuary
- Ms. Marlene Timberlake D'Adamo, Interim Chief Financial Officer
- Ms. Mary Anne Ashley, Chief, Legislative Affairs Division
- Ms. Kara Buchanan, Board Secretary
- Ms. Marquerite Seabourn, Assistant Chief Counsel
- Ms. Elizabeth Yelland, Senior Staff Attorney

ALSO PRESENT:

- Mr. James Anderson, Retired Public Employees Association
- Mr. Tim Behrens, California State Retirees
- Mr. Jeff Rieger, Reed Smith
- Mr. H. Lee Horner, representing Judge Paul Mast
- Mr. Sheldon Scarber
- Mr. Chirag Shah, Shah and Associates

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1 PROCEEDINGS 2 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Good morning. Can we all 3 please come together. We'd like to call the Board of 4 Administration meeting to order. 5 Good morning, everyone. 6 First order business will be to call the roll, 7 please. 8 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Good morning. 9 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Good morning. 10 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Rob Feckner? 11 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Good morning. 12 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Henry Jones? VICE PRESIDENT JONES: 13 Here. 14 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Michael Bilbrey? BOARD MEMBER BILBREY: Good morning. 15 16 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Steve Juarez for John 17 Chiang? PRESIDENT FECKNER: I'm sure he'll be here. 18 19 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Okay. 20 Richard Costigan? BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Here. 21 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Richard Gillihan? 22 BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: Here. 23 2.4 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Dana Hollinger? 25 BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Here.

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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: J.J. Jelincic?
             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Good morning.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN:
                                         Ron Lind?
             BOARD MEMBER LIND: Here.
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 5
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN:
                                        Priya Mathur?
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Not here yet.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN:
                                        Bill Slaton?
8
             BOARD MEMBER SLATON: Here.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Theresa Taylor?
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             BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Here.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: And Lynn Paquin for
12
   Betty Yee?
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             ACTING BOARD MEMBER PAQUIN:
                                           Here.
14
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Thank you.
             PRESIDENT FECKNER:
15
                                 Thank you.
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             The next order of business will be the Pledge of
17
    Allegiance.
                 If you'd all please rise.
18
             Face the flag.
             Hand over heart.
19
20
             Begin.
             (Thereupon the Pledge of Allegiance was
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             recited in unison.)
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23
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.
             Next up is the Item 3, Board President's Report.
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25
             Well, good morning, everyone. Thank you for
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being here.

If you had the opportunity to join us for our winter off-site this last month, I think that you'll agree that it was time well spent, talking about our priorities for the coming year. We continued our discussions around the long-term outlooks of the financial markets, and the risks as well as opportunities that face our system in both the retirement and health arenas.

I'd like to personally thank my colleagues again for their vote of confidence to lead this Board as the President. I look forward to working with each and every one of our Board members, their representatives, our Committees members, our leadership team, as well as our stakeholders to deliver the pensions that have been promised to California's public employees.

For future planning purposes, I want to announce the dates of our July off-site, scheduled for July 17th through the 19th. We'll be back in Monterey at the same location that we have been at the January off-site. So if you've been there in January, I'm sure you'll love it in July. That will be the Monterey Tides Hotel down in Monterey.

I'm also happy to announce that we're continuing our tradition of the CalPERS Night at the Sacramento

Kings. This year we'll join the Kings in their new home

the spectacular Golden One Center, as they take on the Orlando Magic on Monday, March 13th following our Investment Committee meeting.

To date, I believe we have a little over 300 people signed up and paid to go, so that's a great turn out. We hope for even a few more. The doors will open at 5:30, game time is at 7:30. So it will be a fun evening. We hope to encourage you to bring your family and friends and join us for a nice evening away from the office venue.

And also, save the date for June 20th, that will be the CalPERS Night at the River Cats. Another great event. We've done this for a number of years now. It's going to be made even more special again by having our CalPERS Patriot Chorus will be singing the National Anthem that night on the field. So if you haven't put that on your calendar, please do. It's another great time.

And with that, I'm going to move on to Item 4, Executive Reports, and go to our Chief Executive Officer, Ms. Frost.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FROST: Good morning -PRESIDENT FECKNER: Good morning.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FROST: -- Mr. President and members of the Board.

I'd like to start off today with an update on some of my internally focused efforts. So right after I

got here last fall, I attended the Education Forum down in Riverside. I had a chance to visit the San Bernardino office, and then just a couple weeks ago had an opportunity to visit the San Diego location. And I got to see firsthand how our teams out in the regional locations are demonstrating the values that we have, and I get to see more often here within Sacramento, that they have an incredible passion about serving the members and our employers.

During my visits, I had a chance to talk with the team. And what I think was really comfortable was that we did this in a very roundtable style, where I got an opportunity to hear a bit about their career. What I also noticed, and I think if any of you have been out to the locations probably have noticed this as well, is that there's a long seniority and longevity in our team who are working in these locations. So their ideas and discussion around the challenges had a lot of depth. And it was an opportunity again for me to listen and think about adjustments that we might need to make to help them to be more successful in their role.

I think they have a very keen understanding that every interaction we have with our customer creates this opportunity to demonstrate our respect and our responsiveness to their needs and their expectations.

And our team members in these locations, at least the 2 that have visited, and I have confidence that all of them are doing this, they're showing a very strong and true commitment to serving the customer.

I'll be visiting the remainder of the regional locations over the next few months, and looking forward to learning and sharing more with the teams in those locations.

As you all know, my leadership style is one more of, what I would call, a servant leader. And, you know, that term, I think, is becoming better known within the organization. It's really around being focused on my job is to make sure that all of the team here within CalPERS can be successful in the role and the responsibilities they have.

The first step in doing this, of course, is to have very open and transparent communications with our teams. And that's why I'm proud to tell you that starting in March we will be hosting monthly small group gatherings. And this really came from, I think, the regional location visits, where sitting at this roundtable talking about ideas or challenges and extending that here within Sacramento as well. It will be an opportunity for the team members to ask questions, learn more about our goals, our objectives, and most importantly, to give me an

opportunity to listen to them and the ideas that they might have.

Attendees will come throughout the -- from throughout the organization. So it's also a great opportunity for the teams to get to know one another much better.

So moving on now to some recent events to support our members and our employers. Just last week, we had the Sacramento CBEE, which was the largest of the year. And Ms. Lum reported yesterday in her report that although we had over 5,000 registrants, that we had about 3,700 attendees. And we think the likely cause or the citable cause of the less-than-expected attendance was likely due to weather. It was a pretty rain-filled day here in Sacramento that day.

So I think it's an Incredible showcase of how we help our members to understand their benefits. Being the most complex pension system in the United States, along with being the biggest means that it's very difficult sometimes for the members to understand the benefits that they've earned. So this is an opportunity for our teams to get out in the field, if you will, and have these interactions with our members and our customers to understand how we can help them better understand those benefits. So our next CBEE will be in Millbrae on March

3nd and 4th. And the complete list of CBEEs are posted on our website.

I also wanted to mention our recent participation in the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers annual conference that was held here in Sacramento last week. Along with Richard Costigan, Board Member Costigan, and Chief Actuary Scott Terando, we presented this group with details about what is driving the risks of our system, why we made recent changes to the discount rate, and how we'll move forward in implementing it.

As I emphasized during the presentation, as well as Mr. Costigan and Mr. Terando, all of this work is important. The Board, our stakeholders, and all of our employers should be applauded for taking on this somewhat difficult choice.

We are confident. And that was definitely a message we wanted to portray, is that we are confident that we're on the right path to full funding. And the Board's action on the discount rate in December has strengthened our efforts.

We also know that this will not be easy and it won't be the last time we address some of the choices, the tough choices, or challenges. We fully expect that we will face similar dynamics and data, as we spend all of this year looking at our assets and our liabilities to

determine the right mix of investments for the portfolio.

One of the items that we've added is we've typically met with some of our stakeholder groups on a quarterly basis. We're actually moving that up to meet with more of the stakeholders on a monthly basis throughout the ALM process. This work is very important. Some times the complexity of the data takes a little bit more time to explain and give people an opportunity to absorb it. So we will be moving those quarterly meetings into a monthly.

In the meantime, we've been focused on giving our employer partners some tools to help them prepare for their budget cycles around the contribution rate increases. We've sent out instructional letters to give broad estimates for calculating the costs until our annual valuation reports would be available to them later this summer.

The CalPERS team also hosted a webinar recently last week for employer partners to discuss the recent discount rate changes, the factors that led to the change, and the impacts to the employer contributions. More than 900 employer representatives participated in the webinar, representing about 698 unique employers. So that was a very well attended event, and certainly one that indicated to us that there was a high need for additional

information. And that webinar is available to replay at your convenience on the website.

Turning now to other priorities and initiatives. As a part of the strategic and business plan efforts, yesterday you heard about plans for our new enterprise performance reporting structure. And as you heard, the goal is to expand that framework so that it not only includes the strategic plan initiatives, but the business plan initiatives, as well as, what we call, KPIs, which are the key performance indicators.

And those are a collection of measures that would monitor the progress more at the operational levels within the organization. And some of the committees receive this type of date now. But what we want to have is a view across the -- all of the operations. And they will be an important part of how we measure the success of the system.

So let's see. So one of the items that we did talk with you about yesterday was that this would create a single system. The system we have today is a little bifurcated. Again, pieces of it coming to committees, and then finally to all of you as the full Board. This will create a single system that is transparent and accountable to whoever they have an interest in finding out the performance of CalPERS.

So our next step in this reporting will be to add a risk appetite overlay, which is why that risk appetite workshop was so important that we had at the off-site, is that as this management system matures, what you'll see, along with the performance indicators, is you'll see a risk Appetite overlay to those Performance measures.

So we're very excited about being able to move that effort into its next phase. Moving on to the Health Benefits Program, this is the time of year, as you all know, that we begin negotiations with our health plan providers about the premiums for 2018.

And as in the past, our focus will be on cost reduction for our members and employers, while we also maintain a high quality plan that's both affordable and provides that high quality health care. In May, we will be presenting an open session, the preliminary 2018 health benefit rates to the Committee with final approval of the new rates plan for June.

And turning now to some activities here in Headquarters around recognition. So I'd like to take a moment to thank our team members for the food and the monetary donations they made this season to the Sacramento Food Bank. All donations helped supplement supplies to families and senior citizens in the greater Sacramento area. We sent a remarkable goal, a stretch goal if you

will, to collect 50,000 pounds of food, which is about 10,000 pounds over last year's efforts.

Official totals are still being determined, but early results are very strong, and we are confident that we hit the goal. And so I'll be able to report out the final statistics on that goal in our next Board meeting. So I'm very proud of the team here at CalPERS, and their generosity.

And then on a final note, I wanted to express how truly proud we are at CalPERS of our diversity and inclusion efforts. Diversity is something we highly value here at CalPERS. And in light of some of the recent issues that have sparked much debate over the last past weeks, I wanted to end my remarks today with a brief comment about our efforts.

CalPERS is about people, and we value and treasure the diversity of those we serve, and the team members who serve them. And I know I speak on behalf of the Board and the executive team when I say that we support all of our team members, and recognize that our differences are our strengths. We are very proud of this. We want people to feel confident and to feel valued as a CalPERS team member.

So that concludes my remarks, Mr. President, and I'm happy to answer any questions the Board may have.

1 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank very much.

2 | Seeing none.

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Before I go to Item 4b, I just want to note for the record that Ms. Mathur and Mr. Juarez are present on the dais, for the minutes.

4b, Chief Investment Officer's report. Mr. Eliopoulos.

CHIEF INVESTMENT OFFICER ELIOPOULOS: Good morning, Mr. President and members of the Board.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Good morning.

CHIEF INVESTMENT OFFICER ELIOPOULOS: I have a brief summary of the performance of the Public Employees Retirement Fund. As of December 31st, 2016, the total fund performance for the fiscal year to that date is 3.9 percent. Of course, we like to look at much longer periods, as they're much more meaningful for measuring our performance.

The 3-year return is 4.6 percent; the 5-year return is 8.6 percent; the 10-year return is 4.4 percent; and the 20-year return of the total fund is 6.8 percent. The total fund assets are valued as of that December 31st, 2016 date at \$302.8 billion.

Mr. President, that is my report.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Very well. Thank you.

Seeing no requests to speak, thank you, both.

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             Agenda Item 5 is the action consent items.
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    Seeing no requests to remove any of them, what's the
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   pleasure of the Board?
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             VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Move approval.
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             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Second.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: It's been moved by Jones,
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    seconded by Mathur.
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             Any discussion on the motion?
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             Seeing none.
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             All in favor say aye?
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             (Ayes.)
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?
             Motion carries.
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14
             Item 6 is the informational items.
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             Mr. Jelincic. Just a second, sir.
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             Go ahead.
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             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Looking at the March
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   draft agenda, I noticed that my trial is not there.
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    it probably ought to be, or was it an oversight, or --
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             CHAIRPERSON FECKNER: We're not having a trial,
    first of all. And second of all, we have not determined a
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    complete process yet, so that's why it's not been
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    agendized.
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             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. But I do want to
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   make it clear that I was publicly slandered.
                                                   Bill was
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unwilling to provide any of the details and examples. And for the record, I really want this to be done in open session. I should have an opportunity to defend myself in open session. If there is discipline, it ought to be imposed in open session. And I just want to put that on the record.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Anybody else have -- Ms. Mathur.

Just a second.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Oh, thank you.

My comment is on the Committee rolling calendar. For the Investment Committee, at the Investment Committee on Monday, we had a discussion about the Dakota Access Pipeline. And it was directed to bring options back to the Committee expeditiously. And I don't see it on -- in March, but I think it should be in March on this calendar.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. That probably will be reflected in the Investment Committee's minutes from Monday's meeting. This calendar was put in the Board packet before Monday's meeting.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Sure.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: So I would -- I guess I would just ask that that be added.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Very well.

1 BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: It's noted. Thank you.

Seeing nothing else.

Then we will move on to Item 7, Committee Reports.

7a, the Investment Committee. For that, I call on the Chair, Mr. Jones.

VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Thank you, Mr. President.

The Investment Committee met on February 13, 2017. The Committee conducted an election for the Chair and Vice Chair positions. Henry Jones was elected as Chair of the Committee, and Bill Slaton was elected as Vice Chair of the Committee.

The Committee approved the following:

Agenda Item 6a: To not retain the legislative guidelines with respect to investment matters, and to clarify that the Board has delegated to the CEO primary responsibility for determining CalPERS' positions on federal bills.

Agenda Item 8b: To repeal the Statement of Investment Policies for appraisals of CalPERS's real estate interest and real estate accounting.

The Committee received reports on the following topics:

1, the performance and risk profiles of the

Public Employees Retirement Fund, and affiliate funds as of December 31st, 2016;

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- 2, a review of CalPERS's divestment activities as of June 30th, 2016 by Wilshire Associates consulting;
- 3, the first reading of the proposed revisions to the Total Fund Investment Policy;
- 4, an overview of the Corporate Governance Program workplan for 2017;

And 5, recent developments regarding Assembly Bill 20.

The Chair directed staff to review opportunities to engage with the companies involved with the Dakota Access Pipeline and return to the Committee with a report on those options.

The Committee heard public comment on the Dakota Access Pipeline, and CalPERS's ESG strategy.

At this time, I would like to share some highlights of what to expect at the March Investment Committee meeting. 1, ESG asset class integration; and 2, Global Governance Principles.

The next meeting of the Investment Committee is scheduled for March 13, 2017 in Sacramento, California.

That concludes my report, Mr. President.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you, Mr. Jones.

Item 7b, Pension and Health Committee. For that,

I call on the Chair, Ms. Mathur.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Thank you, Mr. President. The Pension and Health Benefits Committee, the PHBC, met on February 14th, 2017. The Committee re-elected Priya Mathur as Chair and Michael Bilbrey as Vice Chair of the PHBC.

The Committee recommends and I move the Board approve on Agenda Item 6, staff's recommendation to approve the PHBC delegation.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Before I go through with the motion, I have 2 requests to speak. Mr. Behrens and Mr. Anderson, you just wrote 7b, which item on 7 do you want to speak to.

Okay. Thank you. That will be Item 7. Very good.

Okay. Motion by Committee.

Any discussion on the motion?

Seeing none.

All in favor say aye?

(Ayes.)

21 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?

Motion carries.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: The Committee further recommends and I move the Board approve staff's recommendation on -- for -- of approval for submission to

Office of Administrative Law, OAL, the proposed regulation clarifying the rules governing family health benefit plan enrollments, where some family members may enroll only in basic plans, and other members may enroll only in Medicare or supplemental plans, combination enrollments.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: This is where we have public comment.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Right.

Any discussion on the motion?

Mr. Jelincic.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Yeah, I will be voting against the motion. It strikes me as just silly to propose a regulation that says this is the rule unless it's not the rule. And if we change our mind, we ought to change the reg then. But a reg is to make things clearer, and I don't think that this does that at all.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Mr. Jones.

VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Yeah. Thank you, Mr. President.

First of all, I want to thank staff for providing

the clarification of the data that was included in this item yesterday, in terms of verifying the 60 plus thousand

members that were referenced in one of our speakers yesterday. And I will be also voting no on this, but for the reason that I think that the -- a task of evaluating and determining what would be needed to allow for family members to have separate plans come before we proceed with this item.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. Thank you.

Seeing no other requests from the Board, Mr. Behrens and

Mr. Anderson, please come forward, identify yourselves for
the record, and you have up to 3 minutes, please.

MR. BEHRENS: Thank you, Mr. Chair. Tim Behrens, President of the California State Retirees. And, Henry, actually, I provided that document this morning. It was one of the many things that during the course of the conversation yesterday at the Pension and Health Benefits Committee, the Committee members asked the staff questions, and were told they would get that information back to them.

I'm not sure that happened, but at least you have that document in front of you. That document came from CalPERS Health Policy Research Division. So the numbers that I used yesterday were accurate. It wasn't 1,500. It's 62 minus the PORAC. Now, we found that out yesterday. That was a difference.

I would urge you to vote no on this item. I

think the regulation, as it stands, works best for our members and for the stakeholders and CalPERS. And if you have any questions, I would be happy the answer them at this time.

5 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Costigan, is it a 6 question Mr. Behrens?

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: No. It's on this item.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Okay. Well, we'll wait till
the next speaker then.

Thank you, Mr. Behrens.

MR. BEHRENS: Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr

MR. ANDERSON: Good morning, Mr. President. I'm James Anderson. I'm the legislative director for the Retired Public Employees Association.

I speak not on the substance of the regulation, but believe your hearing was flawed. The Chair of the Committee indicated the hearing would be closed after the second speaker, or after the final speaker.

After that point, several Board members asked questions where staff says we'll get back to you with that information. I'm not sure the information was put in the record, or the staff could point to the record as it existed to answer those questions.

One of the questions was, what is it going to

cost? And there were numbers thrown around. And I heard, in the background, maybe a \$1,000,000. I'm not sure if that's the effect. But the Office of Administrative Law asks that there be a economic impact of the regulations. And I don't believe your hearing provided that information or the impact -- demonstrated the impact. So I would suggest that if you don't vote the action down, at least you postpone it to a rehearing, so you could cover the issues that I've raised.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Mr. Costigan.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: I just want to ask Mr.

Jones if he could expand on his opposition. It concerns

me -- I wanted to -- I like the echo effect.

Since I don't sit on the Committee, I don't understand the issue as well. And it concerns me when the representative for the retiree group, or the retirees, is speaking to -- in opposition to the motion.

So as I was having my sidebar over here with Mr. Juarez, as I understand it, your opposition is you would like to open it so more people can join the plans?

Because I -- I never -- I mean, I know staff presented a well argument. I've read it. But the fact that you're -- you've raised opposition is now raising

concerns for me as to whether I will support the motion or not.

So could you -- Mr. Chair, if it's appropriate for Mr. Jones to further clarify why he's opposed to this motion.

VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Yeah. The primary reason is that when you have 2 members in the same family, one working and one is retired, they are required to be in the same plan. So if 2 members were working initially, and one 1 reached the age, I guess, 65, and became part of Medicare, that means that the person who is still working may have to change to become part of the plan that the Medicare person has. And that means that that person who has had a primary care physician for all those years, now would be subjected to have to change.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: So I'll ask the Chair of the Health Committee, is that accurate? So if I'm in Kaiser now -- or, I'm sorry, I'm in a plan that's not in Medicare, and my wife was working with the State, I reach 65, I would have to go on the Medicare plan and my wife would have to follow me?

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: So let me clarify, and then maybe the staff might also want to add something to this. Currently, we require that every -- every member who's -- every family where there might be -- you know, there might

be multiple members of the family, some in the basic plan.

There might be some in the Medicare plan.

And in -- it's not necessarily retired or active, it's actually more about the basic or the Medicare plan.

We, a few years ago, consolidated our HMO offerings in the Medicare space to a single provider, that's

UnitedHealthcare, with the exception of Kaiser. So we had, prior to that, required that every health plan offer a commensurate Medicare plan, but that -- what that -- what ended up happening -- so we don't -- we don't allow an individual or a family to -- an individual to be enrolled in, let's say, a Blue Shield basic plan and a Unite -- and then have the other member of the family be enrolled in a UnitedHealthcare Medicare plan. That is not currently permitted. And that this -- this legi --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: So we force -BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: And this regulation

18 | clarifies that.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Okay. But we force a retiree to go into one of a pre-set Medicare plan and drag the family with it, even if the family doesn't want to?

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: We did make that decision 2 years ago, I believe, because there was several advantages to offering this United Medicare plan.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Mr. Jones, why 2 years

ago was this not a problem?

VICE PRESIDENT JONES: I'm not --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: I just want to understand if this wasn't.

VICE PRESIDENT JONES: I'm not sure.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: It was raised in the conversation. We did discuss it that there would -- there could be a potential impact --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: I wasn't on the Committee then either.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: -- to some -- to some number of members that are in these -- that are in these combo families, but we did -- the Committee and the Board determined that it was in the best interest of the population as a whole to be able to provide this United Medicare offering.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: So just one -- I guess a couple more questions. On the chart that was provided do we know how many families were impacted? I mean, what were the numbers of folks whose --

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: So I think the 1,500 number that was referenced yesterday, which might not be completely precise, and I think we were going to get information back on that, was the number of families who've expressed a desire to split between different

plans.

So the sixty-one or two thousand members, that is all the members where there is one member of the family in basic and one member of the family in Medicare. Not all of them have expressed a desire to split between different plans. That's my understanding. Is that --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: But this is the current policy, Ms. Donneson? This is the current policy. I'm not quite sure where I'm going to land on this, because Mr. Jones, I follow your lead on retirement issues and you're raising that this is a concern for retirees.

VICE PRESIDENT JONES: And what I've requested is that the analysis be done before we move forward to see what the outcome of that analysis and evaluation would dictate. It may cause us to want to have a different rule change. We won't know that until we get the information and make a decision whether or not we want to move in that direction.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: But I don't believe I heard you asked if the item could be put over. You were just going to -- you spoke in opposition.

VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Oh, at yesterday's meet -- at yesterday's Health Benefits asked.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Okay, but not today. Okay. All right. Thank you.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Now, just to clarify, this regulation does permit the CalPERS Board to change its policy at any time. So it just clarifies that as of today, we do not allow dual enrollments or split enrollments, but that if the Board -- if the Committee and the Board changes its mind, we are still -- we still have the flexibility to do that.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Okay. Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Juarez.

ACTING BOARD MEMBER JUAREZ: Yeah, I just want to be clear about the conversation we had yesterday. We asked staff whether this would have -- whether adoption of the policy would have any negative impact on folks that are currently in our plans. And were told no, but that we could come back at a later date when we got better answers regarding the cost and the number. And if -- per Mr. Jones recommendation, we can take up a new policy at that point, once we have a better body of information, if we want to change it, which I would be inclined to support, then we can do so subsequent to that, but that adoption of this policy won't have any bearing on our ability to do that. And so it was with that in mind that we -- I think that the Committee voted favorably to support the motion.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: That's right. And if I might clarify one other point, Mr. President, the million

dollar number was, I believe, the rough estimate from 2 years ago of what it might cost to implement the ability to offer split enrollments. It was not the cost to implement this regulation. This regulation has no cost associated with it. And so that does not necessarily need to be part of the formal record.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Gillihan.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: Thank you, Mr. President. Yeah, I just want to reiterate what's being said up here. This regulation doesn't change current practice. It mere clarifies it, so that staff have something more concrete to point as questions get asked, and it leaves the door open for a future policy change, if it -- if we determine it's practical in the future to offer this.

So I'm not sure what all the to do is about on this one. It seems like a non-issue to me, and I'll be supporting the measure -- or the staff recommendation.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Mr. Slaton.

BOARD MEMBER SLATON: Yes, I want to echo Mr. Gillihan's remarks that I think it's important for us to provide clarity to our members and to retirees, so they understand exactly what the process is at CalPERS. So right now, our practice is you cannot do a split enrollment. We don't have the capability to offer that.

So I think it's important that our regulations follow what our practice is. We talked about some other alternatives, some other suggestions on a way to make this happen, to make this capability available. So I think staff is going to work on it. And I'll be supporting this regulation in the interest of making sure we're clear about what our capability is today. And I think there are many of us on this Board who want to figure out a solution to this. And hopefully we'll do that in a timely fashion.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Ms. Taylor.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Yes. And I just had one question. Does the staff have -- under this proposed regulation, will the staff have the ability to, say, grant it on a case-by-case basis or is it just a no all the way around unless the Board changes it?

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Um-hmm.

 $\label{eq:board_member_taylor} \mbox{BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Okay. That's what I -- I} \\ \mbox{was just trying to figure out.}$

Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Lind.

BOARD MEMBER LIND: So if there's all this potential work we're going to do about this policy, why doesn't it make sense to go ahead with this regulation today? Or I guess the other way to ask it is, is there a

risk on not moving forward with the regulation today?

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FROST: So I think the only risk, if you want to categorize it that way, is that this regulation does document the current practice of the system. And as Mr. Slaton pointed out, any operational process we have, in effect, that impacts a member should

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Well, before we go any further, I assume our court reporter was having trouble actually catching the nods on Ms. Taylor's question. So you are correct that we cannot do it on a case-by-case basis.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Right.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: And if I could just note that we have already -- that I already directed the team to bring back to the Committee the potential cost implications to accommodate separate carriers in combination enrollments, so that -- that will be agendized for consideration by the Committee.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Motion before you.

be supported by the regulation.

No other requests to speak.

All in favor of the motion say aye?

(Ayes.)

2.4

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?

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1
             (Noes.)
 2
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. Let's have a roll
3
    call, please.
             (Thereupon an electronic vote was taken.)
 4
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Well...
5
6
             (Laughter.)
7
             VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Sorry about that, Mr.
8
   President.
9
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Isn't that a conundrum.
10
             (Laughter.)
             BOARD MEMBER LIND: Well, once in a while you've
11
12
   got to vote.
13
             BOARD MEMBER SLATON: You could abstain.
14
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: That's true.
15
             All right. The vote passes.
16
             Motion carries. But again, we will be bringing
17
    this back. And as you've heard, the Board can change
18
    their regulation at any time moving forward --
19
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: We can change the policy.
20
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: -- when we have information
21
    that gives us more leeway to move forward.
             So thank you.
22
             Ms. Mathur
23
2.4
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR:
                                   Thank you.
25
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: I believe you need to go back
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1 to Item 7. Did we do 7? I think we only did 6. BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: No, that was -- that was 7. 2 PRESIDENT FECKNER: No, that was 8 on our form. 3 4 Item 7 would have been the retirement guidelines 5 and health care quidelines. 6 BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Oh, I'm sorry. I did skip 7 7. Forgive me. 8 So the Committee further recommends and I move 9 the Board approve staff's recommendation to seek adoption 10 of proposed updates to the retirement guidelines and 11 health care guidelines section of the guidelines, along with conforming changes to the introduction and general 12 quidelines section. 13 14 PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee. 15 Any discussion on the motion? 16 Seeing none. 17 All in favor say aye? 18 (Ayes.) PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no? 19 20 Motion carries.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: The Committee received reports on the following topics:

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22

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On retired members cost of living report, Peace Officers Research Association of California 2018 regional rates, and health open enrollment results.

The Chair directed staff to develop a Health Care Beliefs set to be set as a future agenda item (Legislative and policy engagement guidelines); and to review and bring back to the Committee potential cost implications to accommodate separate carriers in combo enrollments.

The Committee received public comment from Tim Behrens of CSR and Kent McKinney, CalPERS member, regarding the regulation and clarification of combination enrollments, which was Agenda Item 8, and a public hearing.

The Committee also received public comment from Al Darby, RPEA, regarding the retired members costs of living report, Agenda Item 5e.

At this time, let me share some highlights of what to expect in March. The Committee will review the proposed regulations on pensionable compensation. The Committee will also hear information on health care cost trends, the Long-Term Care Program semiannual report, and the 2017 to 2022 health initiatives.

The next meeting of the PHBC is scheduled for March 14th, 2017 in Sacramento, California. That concludes my report, Mr. President.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you. Item 7c, Finance and Administration Committee. For that I call on the Chair, Mr. Costigan.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Thank you, Mr. Feckner.

The Finance and Administration Committee met on February

14th, 2017. The Committee held an election for the

Finance and Administration Committee Chair and Vice Chair.

Richard Costigan was reelected as Chair, and Theresa

Taylor was elected as Vice Chair of the Committee.

The Committee recommends and I move the Board approve the following:

Agenda Item 4b, the California Actuarial Advisory Committee. Approve the appointment of Scott Terando, Chief Actuary, as the CalPERS representative to the California Actuarial Advisory Panel for the remainder of the 3-year term ending December 31st, 2017.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.

Any discussion on the motion?

Seeing none.

All in favor say aye?

18 (Ayes.)

19 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?

Motion carries.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Item Agenda 4c, The Long-Term Care Valuation Report. Approve the staff recommendation that the Board approve the results of the long-term care valuation report ending June 30th, 2016.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.

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Any discussion on the motion?
1
             Seeing none.
 2
 3
             All in favor say aye?
 4
             (Ayes.)
 5
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?
             Motion carries.
 6
7
             BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Agenda Item 6a, the
8
    CalPERS 2017-22 Strategic Plan and 2017-18 Business Plan,
9
    and approve the CalPERS strategic plan and business plan
10
    initiatives that will commence on July 1, 2017.
11
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.
             Any discussion on the motion?
12
13
             Seeing none.
14
             All in favor say aye?
15
             (Ayes.)
16
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?
17
             Motion carries.
18
             BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Agenda Item 7a, the 2017
19
    CalPERS Board of Administration Member-At-Large Election -
20
   Notice of Election, and approve the staff recommendation
21
    that the Board approve the notice of election for the 2017
22
    CalPERS Board of Administration member-at-large as
23
    modified to change the word "retiree" to "candidate".
2.4
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.
25
             Any discussion on the motion?
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1 Mr. Jelincic. 2 BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Yeah. I just want to 3 make sure, because the motion isn't clear, that that 4 substitution of candidate for retiree applies to the 5 eligibility section. It does not apply to every place 6 elsewhere we're "retiree" is used, is that correct or not 7 correct? 8 BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: I believe that is 9 correct. 10 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Yes. 11 BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Do you want further clarification? 12 13 BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: I believe that is the 14 correct reading. 15 BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. So the record is 16 clear that's what we intended? 17 BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Yes, sir. 18 BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: And thank you. 19 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you. 20 On motion by Committee. 21 Any other discussion on the motion? 22 Seeing none. 23 All in favor say aye?

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?

24

25

(Ayes.)

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1
             Motion carries.
 2
             BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Agenda Item 8a, The
3
    Actuarial Contribution Allocation Policy (Second Reading).
 4
    Approve the adoption of the consolidated actuarial
5
    contribution allocation policy and rescind policies
6
   previously a approved by the Board.
7
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.
8
             Any discussion on the motion
9
             Seeing none.
10
             All in favor say aye?
11
             (Ayes.)
12
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?
             Motion carries.
13
14
             BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Agenda Item 9a, the
15
    Funding Risk Policy -- I'm sorry, Funding Risk Mitigation
16
    Policy. Approve the staff recommendation that the Board
17
    adopt the revised Funding Risk Mitigation Policy.
18
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.
19
             Any discussion on the motion?
20
             Seeing none.
21
             All in favor say aye?
22
             (Ayes.)
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed say no?
23
2.4
             Motion carries.
25
             BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: The Committee received
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reports on the following topics:

The employer partner financial health, update on voting options for the new Board of Administration election process, background information and application of the Responsible Contractor Program, and the first reading of the Asset Liability Management Policy.

The Chair directed staff to do the following:

To bring back to the Committee additional information on the nature of all IT projects; have the Finance and Administration Committee review the Committee's Delegation and Policy for approval of reimbursement to State school and public agency employers of elected Board members in April; have the Board Governance Committee review the proposed changes to the Governance Policy following the Finance and Administration Committee in April; provide to the Committee a process for escalating delinquent employers after 90 days, and consider including elected officials on delinquency notices; and, bring back to the Committee further discussion of the Responsible Contractor Policy.

The Committee heard public comment on the following topics:

The notice of election for the members-at-large election, and the Responsible Contractor Policy to all CalPERS contracts.

At this time, I'd like to share some highlights of what to expect at the April Finance and Administration Committee meeting. We'll have an update for the employer/employee contribution rates for Judges,
Legislators, schools, State and valuation report for the 1950 Survivor Benefit Program, as well as a first reading of the 2017-18 annual budget proposal, and annual review of the Board member employer reimbursements, and a second reading of the Asset Liability Management Policy.

The next meeting of the Finance and

Administration Committee is scheduled for April 18th 2017

in Sacramento, California. Thank you, Mr. President.

That's my report.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you, Mr. Costigan.

That brings us to Item 7d, Performance,

16 Compensation and Talent Management Committee. For that, I
17 call on the Chair, Mr. Bilbrey.

BOARD MEMBER BILBREY: Thank you, Mr. President.

The Performance, Compensation and Talent Management Committee met on February 14, 2017.

The Committee held an election of the Performance, Compensation and Talent Management Committee Chair and Vice Chair. Michael Bilbrey was elected Chair and Richard Costigan was elected Vice Chair.

The Committee recommends and I move that the

Board approve the following items:

Agenda Item 6, Semiannual Status Report on Peformance Plans of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer. Approve the 2016-17 plans of the CEO CIO and propose changes to the CIO's plans as amended by the Committee as shown in Attachment 1.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.

Any discussion on the motion?

Seeing none.

All in favor say aye?

11 (Ayes.)

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12 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?

13 Motion carries.

Please note Mr. Jelincic abstaining on Items 6, 7, 8, and 9, please.

BOARD MEMBER BILBREY: Agenda Item 7, Biennial Salary Survey. Approve staff conducting a biennial salary survey for positions covered under the Board's compensation setting authority, and bring forward an information item regarding compensation for selected positions not currently covered at a future Committee meeting.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.

Any discussion on the motion?

Seeing none.

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1
             All in favor say aye?
 2
             (Ayes.)
 3
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?
 4
             (No.)
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Motion carries.
 5
 6
             BOARD MEMBER BILBREY: Agenda Item 8, Review of
7
    the Performance, Compensation and Talent Management
8
    Committee Delegation. The Committee reviewed the
9
    delegation from the Board to the Committee, and recommends
10
    that the delegation remain as is with no changes, and this
11
    recommendation will be brought to the Board in April for
12
    consideration along with other Committee delegations.
13
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.
14
             Any discussion on the motion?
15
             Seeing none.
16
             All in favor say aye?
17
             (Ayes.)
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?
18
             Motion carries.
19
20
             BOARD MEMBER BILBREY: Agenda Item 9, 2016-17
    Enterprise Operational Effectiveness Metric. Approve the
21
22
    implementation methodology and revise incentive payout
    ratio as Presented.
23
2.4
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.
25
             Any discussion on the motion?
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Seeing none.
1
             All in favor say aye?
 2
 3
             (Ayes.)
 4
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?
 5
             (No.)
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Motion carries.
 6
7
             BOARD MEMBER BILBREY:
                                     The Committee received a
8
    report on the following topic: A review of the 2016-17
9
    Investment Management Plan Design.
10
             The Committee also heard public comment on the
11
    following topics: From Neal Johnson, SEIU 1000, spoke
12
    regarding the biennial salary survey agenda item.
13
             At this time, I'd like to share some highlights
14
    of the next Performance, Compensation and Talent
15
   Management Committee meeting which will be in June.
                                                          The
16
    Committee will receive the 2017-18 incentive plans of the
17
    CEO and CIO.
18
             The next meeting of the Performance, Compensation
19
    and Talent Management Committee is scheduled for June
20
    20th, 2017 here in Sacramento.
21
             Thank you, Mr. President.
22
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you, Mr. Bilbrey.
23
             That brings us to Agenda Item 7e, Risk and Audit.
24
   For that, I call on the chair, Ms. Hollinger.
25
             Ms. Hollinger --
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             BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Thank you, Mr.
 2
    President.
 3
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Push your button first,
 4
   please, so I can recognize you.
5
             There you go.
6
             BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Thank you, Mr.
7
   President. The Risk and Audit Committee met on February
8
    13th, 2017.
9
             The Committee held an election for the Risk and
10
    Audit Committee Chair and Vice Chair. Dana Hollinger was
    elected as Chair and Ron Lind was elected as Vice Chair of
11
12
    the Committee.
13
             The recommends and I move the Board approve the
14
    following:
15
             Agenda Item 6, Review of the Risk and Audit
16
    Committee Delegation. The Committee reviewed the
17
    delegation from the Board to the Committee and recommended
18
    changes that will be brought to the Board in April for
19
    approval, along with the other Committee delegations.
20
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.
21
             Any discussion on the motion?
22
             Seeing none. All in favor say aye?
23
             (Ayes.)
2.4
             PRESIDENT FECKNER:
                                 Opposed, no?
             Motion carries.
25
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BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: The Committee received reports on the following topics:

2.4

An independent review by Buck Consultants of the actuarial valuations of the State and school plans; an external quality assessment of the Office of Audit Services; and, 2016-17 mid-year updates for Enterprise Risk Management and Enterprise Compliance.

At this time, I would like to share some highlights of what to expect at the June Risk and Audit Committee meeting:

2017 to 2019 plans for Enterprise Compliance, Enterprise Risk Management, and the Office of Audit Services; the independent auditor's 2017 annual plan; and, the Semiannual Risk Reports.

The next meeting of the Risk and Audit Committee is scheduled for June 20th, 2017 in Sacramento, California.

Thank you, Mr. President. That is my report.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Before we move forward, I have to ask a question.

We're going to take a quick recess to allow a Board member to switch places here quickly. So if we could just wait a second before we move on.

Okay. We're on Item 8, Proposed Decisions of Administrative Law Judges.

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1
             Before I call on Mr. Jones, I do want to note
    that Chirag Shah, the Board's independent counsel for ALJ
2
3
    decisions is here with us today.
 4
             Good morning, Mr. Shah
5
             MR. SHAH: Good morning, Mr. President.
 6
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Jones, please.
7
                                     Thank you Mr. President.
             VICE PRESIDENT JONES:
8
             I move to adopt the proposed decisions at Agenda
9
    Items 8a through 8gg as the Board's own decisions, with
10
    the minor clarification/modifications argued by staff.
             BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: I'll second.
11
12
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: It's been moved by Jones,
13
    seconded by Costigan.
14
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Turn your microphone back
15
    on.
16
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: It's been moved by Jones,
17
    seconded by Costigan still.
18
             Any discussion on the motion?
19
             Seeing none.
20
             All in favor say aye?
21
             (Ayes.)
22
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed say no?
             Motion carries.
23
24
             Mr. Jones.
25
             VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Yeah.
                                            Thank you, Mr.
```

President. I move to deny the petitions for reconsideration at a Agenda Items 9a and 9b.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Second.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: It's been moved by Jones, seconded by Costigan.

Any discussion on the motion?

Seeing none.

All in favor say aye?

(Ayes.)

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed say no?

11 Motion carries. Thank you.

Now, before we go any further, we're going to move Items 10 and 11 to the end of the open session agenda. We're also going to go back to the item - let me go back a page - 7b, Pension and Health Committee. There was an error on one of the motions, so I'm going to call on Ms. Mathur to -- please push your button, Ms. Mathur.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: I'm sorry.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Thank you, Mr. President. And I think I need to ask the General Counsel how to do this. There was an error in one of the motions, so if I need to re -- if I need to restate the motion and retake the vote just in the way the motion was stated, how would we do that?

GENERAL COUNSEL JACOBS: You would just restate it and have the Board vote on it.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Okay. So I'm going to restate the motion on --

2.4

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Everybody have your agenda item back for Item 7b?

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Do we need to rescind the previous motion?

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Do we need to rescind the previous motion on the -- for -- with respect to Agenda

Item 7 on the Pension and Health Benefits Committee agenda? I mean, that we took earlier -- we took -- we took an action earlier.

So why don't I re -- why don't I state the new motion, which is on Agenda Item 7 from the Pension and Health Benefits Committee. That the Board approve the staff's recommendation to rescind the retirement guidelines, and approve the proposed updates to the health care guidelines section of the guidelines, along with conforming changes to the introduction and general guidelines section; and, to clarify that the Board has delegated to the CEO primary responsibility for determining CalPERS position on federal bills.

That is the correct statement of the Committee's intention.

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1
             GENERAL COUNSEL JACOBS: Right, and I think
2
    that's better worded than the first one.
3
             So, yeah, just for formality sake, I would say
    let's rescind the first one and --
 4
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: So do I need to make a
5
   motion to rescind -- do I make a motion to rescind it?
6
7
             GENERAL COUNSEL JACOBS:
                                       Yes.
8
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: So I move that we rescind
9
    the prior vote on Agenda Item 7 on 7b.
10
             BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Second.
11
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: On motion by Committee.
             Any discussion on the motion?
12
13
             Seeing none.
14
             All in favor say aye?
15
             (Ayes.)
16
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed say no?
17
             Motion carries.
18
             Now back on the original.
19
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: And then shall I restate
20
   the new motion?
21
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Please.
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: I will restate the new
22
23
   motion.
24
             That the Board approve the staff's recommendation
25
    to rescind the retirement guidelines and improve -- and
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1
    approve the proposed updates to the health care guidelines
    section of the guidelines, along with conforming changes
 2
 3
    to the introduction and general guidelines section; and,
 4
    to clarify that the Board has delegated the CEO -- to the
5
    CEO primary responsibility for determining CalPERS
6
   position on federal bills.
7
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Is there a second?
8
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: That's a motion of the
9
    Committee
10
             PRESIDENT FECKNER:
                                 Okay. So was the last one,
11
    so --
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Oh, does it need a second?
12
13
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. No, we'll just
14
    go.
15
             Motion by Committee.
16
             Any discussion on the motion?
17
             Mr. Jelincic
18
             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Yes. Since it's not the
    original motion, it probably does need a second, in which
19
20
    case I'll be happy to second it.
21
             But my question is will the corrections show up
22
    on the website relatively promptly so people can see it?
23
             GENERAL COUNSEL JACOBS: Yes.
2.4
             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC:
                                      Thank you.
25
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Thank you.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Did you get that?
             THE COURT REPORTER: Yes.
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 3
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: And does it require -- is
 4
    that a motion that requires a second if --
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             GENERAL COUNSEL JACOBS: Probably.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Jelincic seconded it, so
7
   we're good.
8
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR:
                                   Thank you.
9
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. Any other
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   discussion on the motion?
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             Seeing none.
             All in favor say aye?
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13
             (Ayes.)
14
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Opposed, no?
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             Motion carries.
16
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR:
                                   Thank you, Mr. President.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.
             So that brings us to Item 12, State and Federal
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19
   Legislation Update. Ms. Ashley.
             LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY:
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21
             Hello. Good morning --
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Good morning.
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             LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY:
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   President Feckner and members of the Committee. Mary Anne
25
    Ashley, CalPERS team member.
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I will be presenting Agenda Item 12, which is the State and Federal Legislative Update. This is an informational item. The legislative summary is included in your Board materials for your reference.

There hasn't been a lot of change since the last update, but I would like to highlight a couple of bills that have been added to the summary.

AB 161 by Assembly Member Levine is a repeat of last year's AB 2348, which was also authored by Assembly Member Levine. And the bill proposed to authorize the Department of Finance to identify infrastructure projects in California for which the Department will guaranty a rate of return for investments made by CalPERS subject to monies deposited into a newly established fund.

The Board ultimately adopted a neutral position on last year's bill. This year's version is identical so far to last year's. So the Legislative Affairs team will continue to monitor the bill as it moves forward, and will keep the Board updated as appropriate.

And then SB 172 by Senator Portantino was introduced on January 23rd, and would require an individual or group health care service plan, contract, or insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on and after January 1st, 2018 that covers hospital, medical, or surgical expenses to provide coverage for the standard

fertility preservation services according to circumstances as specified in the measure.

A similar bill was introduced in 2013 by Assembly Member Quirk-Silva, and the Board adopted an oppose-unless-amended position on the bill to have CalPERS exempt -- CalPERS health plans exempt from the bill. So we will continue monitoring and engage with the author's office on that and keep the Board updated. And we're currently working with CalPERS Health Program areas to identify the impact currently under the new bill.

The deadline for bill introduction is this

Friday, February 17th. And we anticipate that there will

be the usual flurry of bills introduced. The Legislative

Affairs team will be monitoring all the bills introduced,

and we'll identify those that will or potentially will

have an impact to CalPERS. And we will update the Board

on those.

I'm very happy to report that we have legislators that have committed to being the authors for our sponsored bills. Assembly Member Cooley will be authoring the securities lending collateral bill, and also the reporting fee bill. Assembly Member Medina will be authoring the right of election bill. And Senator Pan will be the author for our annual housekeeping bill. We will be able to identify the bill numbers by the next update.

Yesterday, the Assembly Health Committee held an informational hearing on the impact of rising drug costs on public and private payors. And Dr. Donneson and Dr. Sun represented CalPERS on a panel that discussed the impact to public programs.

The Chair of the Committee is very interested in having a series of hearings on prescription drug costs and in forwarding legislation that would increase transparency.

And one final note, I would like to share that the Legislative Affairs team has developed legislative district profiles for all California and federal legislators. And the profiles are available on our website. And we have actually changed from approximately a 10-page document to a 1-page front-and-back document. And these briefing -- or these profiles will be used when we do our meet and greets and briefings with our legislators.

And that concludes my update, and I'm happy to answer any questions.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Mr. Lawyer.

ACTING BOARD MEMBER LAWYER: It was curious what you're hearing from federal representatives regarding House Joint Resolution 66 and 67. If I'm getting the

title right, it's the motions to disapprove the Labor Department rule regarding State and municipal savings arrangements for private sector workers.

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY:

Right, right. Our --

ACTING BOARD MEMBER LAWYER: One of the reasons the Treasurer isn't here this week is he's in Washington D.C. meeting with other State Treasurers from across the country, as part of that effort, meeting with members of Congress and others to educate them on the importance of that rule and State plans in general to address issues of retirement security.

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: Our representatives are very well aware of those resolutions. They did bring it to our attention, and our federal legislative affairs team has been in contact with the Controller's office. So we will be following that, and we're made aware of the Treasurer's desire to stay informed.

ACTING BOARD MEMBER LAWYER: Good. Thank you.

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: Thank
you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Jelincic.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Two questions. You

25 | mentioned our fee reporting bill.

1 LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY:

2 Um-hmm.

2.4

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Can -- I'm drawing a blank. Can you remind what that is?

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: So employers are required to enroll and report information regarding retired annuitants. And audits have shown that this information isn't always being reported, and so we are proposing to give CalPERS the authority to assess a \$200 a month per member per month fee until that information is reported.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: And now that you -- now that you repeated that, I remember.

The other question was on page 2 of 3. It's the Pan bill. It also shows up further down. For annuitants and their family members, I'm not clear what I'm reading. Eighty percent of the weighted average premium of active State employees enrolled multi-basic plan, or 80 percent of the weighted average of the premium for State annuitants enrolled in Medicare plans, is that the lessor of, or --

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: We're currently trying to get --

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: And maybe DPA can answer the question.

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: Okay.
Thank you.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: I just don't understand what it says.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Gillihan.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: Thank you, Mr. President.
And for the record it's CalHR not DPA.

(Laughter.)

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: That's a companion bill to our MOU ratification bill. It's part of -- all the contracts we've agreed to, the tentative agreements have included retiree health reforms proposed by the Governor a few years ago. I'm happy to report all of our deals include those provisions. And one of those provisions -- two of those provisions are increasing the vesting period from the 10/20 vesting currently to 15/25, and then changing the 100/90 formula in retirement to the 80/80 formula, which is more consistent with what most of our active employees receive.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. So it's really just a substitute of the 80/80 formula. And so the distinction is a distinction without a difference.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: I'm sorry. I'm not tracking your question.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: It -- we're eliminate the

100/90 and we're going to 80/80.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: By contract as we reach that agreement with our labor representatives.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Right, for employees hired after the 17th.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: Correct.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: But the other thing that was -- and -- okay -- but -- so that this is just not worded so that I understood it. Let me put it that way.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: Ah, got it.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Okay. Mr. Costigan.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Thank you, Mr. Feckner.

Just a few questions to follow up on the Treasurer's

Office. So you do have SCA 1 on here. So under the new policies that we adopted coming out of the Pension

Committee on those 2 House resolutions, it will be up to the CEO to take a position whether or not we take a position?

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY:

That's correct, whether we take a position, whether we weigh in via sending letters of support.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Okay. And I note that the Administration, that the Governor, this morning sent a letter opposing the rule change. Is this something that,

at some point, CalPERS would weigh in, not weigh in on?
What are our federal representatives -- what is K&L Gates recommending?

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: In working with the Treasurer's Office, the Treasurer's Office requested that we just let them take the lead on this. So, however, we're, you know, offering to help as needed.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: All right. And then I just note as well, I appreciate -- I managed to catch a little bit last night of the CalPERS testimony at the PBM hearing. One, are those remarks going to be made available to the Committee or to the Board?

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: The talking points from the --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: I'm sorry, the presentation. Was there a PowerPoint done? I couldn't tell.

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: It was just a handout. It wasn't a PowerPoint. There was a -- there was a 2- or 3-page handout that was provided.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Because then, as you know, drug transparency and PBMs are going to be a major topic of the California legislature this year. So I would certainly hope back on SCA 1 that you do keep us informed,

because I do note in the last 24 hours, the Pro Tem, the Speaker, and the Governor have all taken positions and weighed in. And I also believe that the House Majority Leader made a statement yesterday related to it. And so maybe you can give us or have K&L Gates gives us an update next month as to actually what's going on --

LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: Sure

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: -- because when Mr.

McCarthy weighs in -- and I understand it was difficult to see where he was at from the statement, and that there was further clarification, but it clearly got Governor Brown, Pro Tem de León, and Mr. Rendon in a responsive mood yesterday and this morning.

So, thank you.

15 LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS DIVISION CHIEF ASHLEY: Thank
16 you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. Seeing no other requests. Thank you.

Item 13, Summary of Board direction.

Ms. Frost, do you have anything today?

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FROST: I'm writing down the third one.

I attempted to capture items that were asked for in Committee, but became discussion as the part of a motion. I thought that would be a good -- those are good

items to document.

So one is updating the rolling calendar for the request that came out of Committee regarding engagement options, and that would be on the March Investment Committee regarding the Dakota Access Pipeline;

Bringing additional analysis on combination enrollments both from a policy implication and fiscal impacts to implement;

And then the third is having the Legislative team provide an update on federal actions that may have an impact on Secure Choice.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. Thank you very much.

Seeing nothing else.

This -- we're going to take a 10 minute recess before we move on to Item 10 the first full Board hearing. So we'll reconvene at 10:15.

(Off record: 10:03 a.m.)

19 (Thereupon a recess was taken.)

(On record: 10:14 a.m.)

PRESIDENT FECKNER: I'm going to call the Committee back -- the Board meeting back to order, please.

If everybody could please take their seats.

All right. We need to get the rest of the Board members in here before we begin. So who are we missing?

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Mr. Costigan and Mr. Jelincic.
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             Okay. There he is. Very good.
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 3
             Okay. So the first order of business. Let's
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    see, we're now on Agenda Item 10. I open the record for
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    the full Board hearing on the appeal of Sheldon Kyle
6
    Scarber, CalPERS case number 2015-0243.
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             First order of business will be to please take
8
    the roll.
9
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Rob Feckner?
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Good morning.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Henry Jones?
             VICE PRESIDENT JONES:
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                                    Here.
13
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Michael Bilbrey?
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             BOARD MEMBER BILBREY: Good morning.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Eric Lawyer for John
16
   Chiang?
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             ACTING BOARD MEMBER LAWYER: Good morning.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Richard Costigan?
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             BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Here.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Richard Gillihan?
             BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: Here.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Dana Hollinger?
             BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Here.
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2.4
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: J.J. Jelincic?
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             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Here.
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BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Ron Lind?
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             BOARD MEMBER LIND: Here.
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 3
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN:
                                        Priya Mathur?
             BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Good morning.
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 5
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN:
                                        Good morning.
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             Bill Slaton?
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             BOARD MEMBER SLATON:
                                   Here.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Theresa Taylor?
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             BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR:
                                   Here.
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Lynn Paquin for Betty
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11
   Yee?
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             ACTING BOARD MEMBER PAQUIN:
                                          Here.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER:
                                 Thank you.
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             The proposed decision in this case was originally
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    considered by the Board at the December 2016 Board
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    meeting. At that meeting, the Board rejected the proposed
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    decision and scheduled this matter for a full Board
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   hearing. I note for the record that all parties have
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    received notice of this full Board hearing, along with
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    copies of the Statement of Policy and Procedures for Full
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    Board Hearings before the Board.
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             In addition, all parties have been informed in
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   writing that oral argument will be limited to 10 minutes
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    for each position, and rebuttal will be limited to 3
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minutes for each position.

Would counsel please take a moment to introduce themselves starting with staff counsel and then Mr. Scarber or Mr. Scarber's counsel.

ASSISTANT CHIEF COUNSEL SEABOURN: Good morning.

I'm Marguerite Seabourn Assistant Chief Counsel at

Calpers.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Good morning. Elizabeth Yelland, Senior Staff Counsel for Calpers.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

MR. SCARBER: Good morning, sir. My name is Sheldon Kyle Scarber, self-represented.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

MR. SCARBER: Thank you.

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PRESIDENT FECKNER: So let the record reflect that Chirag Shah from the Los Angeles based law firm of Shah and Associates, the Board's independent counsel on full board hearings and proposed decisions from the Office of Administrative Hearings is here now and will be advising members of the Board on procedural as well as substantive issues that arise in this proceeding should Board members have questions. Mr. Shah will also provide a brief summary of the case before we begin oral arguments.

As stated previously, each position will have 10 minutes for oral argument. Ms. Yelland will have the

first 10 minutes to present staff's argument. After that, Mr. Scarber will have 10 minutes to present his argument. Neither side is compelled to use the full 10 minutes. However, if a party concludes argument in less than the time allotted, they will not be permitted to carry-over any remaining time to any other portion of this

proceeding.

After both sides have presented oral argument, each side will be given 3 minutes for rebuttal argument in the same order as the original presentation. First, Ms. Yelland, then Mr. Scarber. Here, too, the parties may, but do not have to, use the entire time allocated for their rebuttal. But if a party decides to use less time, there will not be another opportunity to use the remaining time.

There is a timer in this room which will be set for 10 minutes for initial argument, and 3 minutes for rebuttals. The timer will begin when you start to speak. Please pay close attention to the timer as you make your presentations in order to avoid going over your allotted time.

When the timer turns red, your time will have expired. After all sides' arguments and rebuttals are concluded, the Board may ask questions of any of the parties to this proceeding, as well as our independent

counsel.

The alternatives available to the Board are set forth in Agenda Item 10. Are there any questions so far?

Do all parties understand the procedures?

Ms. Yelland?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Yes.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Scarber?

MR. SCARBER: Yes, your Honor. Can I make a request?

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Now, then, Mr. Shah, please provide a brief summary of the case.

MR. SHAH: Good morning, Mr. President. Thank you, members of the Board. Good morning to you. As you said, my name is Chirag Shah. I'm the Board's independent counsel on full Board hearings.

The case that the Board will hear now involves a very narrow question of whether Mr. Scarber, who is a former Assistant Chief with the California Highway Patrol, is eligible to file an application for an industrial disability retirement.

Let's start with some important dates relevant to the case. On February 27, 2013, Mr. Scarber filed his disability retirement application, his IDR application.

A few months later, on July 9, 2013, Mr. Scarber

also submitted a service retirement application, which has been approved. On July 22nd, 2013, which is about 5 months after he filed his IDR application, the CHP issued a Notice of Adverse Action, which we'll call an NOAA to Mr. Scarber informing him that he would be dismissed from his position as Assistant Chief effective August 29, 2013.

Now, this was almost 6 months after he submitted his IDR Application at the end of February. According to the NOAA at Attachment F, CalPERS Exhibit 10, in July 2007 Mr. Scarber inappropriately used for private gain or advantage his prestige and influence as a member of the CHP when he requested and was allowed extra visitation privileges and physical contact to visit his son, who was arrested and incarcerated in Fresno County Jail facing felony and -- felony rape and burglary charges.

According to the NOAA, in September 2012, Mr. Scarber sent and received unauthorized emails of police reports regarding his son's arrest. Further, according to the NOAA, in November 2012, Mr. Scarber directed a subordinate employee to unlawfully access California law enforcement telecommunications system in order to run an unauthorized driver's history check.

The NOAA also stated that in December 2012, Mr. Scarber willfully disobeyed a direct order given to him by a CHP supervisor after his police powers were suspended,

and he also saved and stored pornographic images and other adult-related content on his Departmentally issued laptop computer.

Finally, in December 2012, according to the NOAA, Mr. Scarber aided and conspired to assist his son to evade prosecution, filed a false missing persons report, and made dishonest statements to law enforcement, when he attempted to smuggle his son from Fresno County Jail to Mexico.

Mr. Scarber appealed the termination with the State Personnel Board, which resulted in a stipulated settlement reached on December 12, 2013, in which Mr. Scarber agreed to resign for personal reasons effective August 29, 2013, and waived all reinstatement rights. In exchange for that, his employer withdrew the NOAA.

That settlement was approved by the State

Personnel Board on January 9, 2014. After that, on April

14th, 2014, CalPERS staff notified the member that his IDR

application was being canceled due to the operation of a

number of precedential cases and Board precedential

designations, including the case of Haywood versus

American River Fire Protection District, Smith versus

Napa, and the Vandergoot Board precedential designation.

And that, Mr. President, brings us to the main issue before the Board today -- before the Board today,

did CalPERS staff properly cancel the member's application or should it have accepted it -- just accepted it as it -- as found by the administrative law judge in the proposed decision.

Staff argues that the Board should reject the proposed decision and instead find that CalPERS correctly canceled the application. Member, on the other hand, Mr. Scarber rather -- on the other hand argues that the Board should adopt the proposed decision in order to determine whether his situation qualifies for 1 of the 2 equitable exceptions announced in the relevant cases and Board precedential decisions.

The merits of the parties' arguments are before the -- along with the entire administrative record are before the Board at Agenda Item 10.

With that, Mr. President, I conclude my brief summary of the case.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you. Before I go any further, Mr. Costigan.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Thank you. I just want to ask you, you have no cases pending before the State Personnel Board at this time, is that accurate?

MR. SCARBER: No, sir.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Okay. Because we entered into our final order in 2014, and -- okay, just wanted to

assure that.

Thank you.

MR. SCARBER: Thank you, sir.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

So let us now turn to the preliminary evidentiary issues. As all parties are aware, we are not here to relitigate factual issues or resubmit evidence into the administrative record. However, in rare circumstances, in the interests of achieving a just result, may require consideration of newly discovered, relevant documentary evidence which could not, with reasonable diligence, have been discovered and produced at the hearing before the administrative law judge, and which therefore is not a part of the administrative record.

The Board's procedure made it clear that under no circumstance may the Board accept new testimonial evidence, witness testimony, or any kind of examination or cross-examination of anyone, including Board members in today's proceeding.

Under the proposed -- under the Board's procedure, requests to introduce newly discovered documentary evidence must be submitted in writing to the Board's secretary no later than the due date for written argument, which in this case was February 3rd, 2017.

In order to avoid interruptions during each

party's respective time today, please let us know now if either party has any relevant, newly discovered evidence, which could not have been discovered and produced at the hearing, that it seeks to be admitted into the administrative record today, as to which a timely written request was submitted to the Board.

Ms. Yelland?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: No, Mr.

President.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Mr. Scarber?

MR. SCARBER: No, sir.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Seeing there are no requests to submit newly discovered evidence, let us begin oral arguments. Ms. Yelland, please present staff's argument. Your time will start for 10 minutes when you begin to speak.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Thank you.

Good morning, Mr. President, members of the Board and executive staff. Staff argues that the proposed decision flies in the face of existing precedent, specifically Haywood, Smith, and Vandergoot.

CalPERS staff argues the proposed decision is wrong for the following reasons:

Number 1, the proposed decision improperly

applies principles of equity; and number 2, the proposed decision erroneously declines to apply prior case law, Haywood and Smith, as well as the precedential decision Vandergoot, to the facts.

First, the proposed decision improperly applies principles of equity. CalPERS is a statutory entity. Payment of benefits is authorized by the PERL. This case impacts the Board's fiduciary duties over the administration of the fund, including the Board's duty to pay only those benefits that are authorized by law. That principle is always critical to this Board's mission, but it is particularly critical when one member receives benefits that no other member receives.

This Board cannot fulfill its mandate, unless it investigates retirement applications and pays benefits only to those members who are eligible for them. The Board's fiduciary obligations do not permit the payment of benefits not authorized, rather the PERL governs the scope of benefits earned. Thus, while pension provisions should be broadly construed in favor of those who were intended to be benefited thereby, they cannot be construed so as to confer benefits on persons not entitled to them.

Here, the timeline of events reveals that the administrative law judge incorrectly calculated a 13-month delay in order to grant equity. However, the elapsed time

is actually 3 months. When CalPERS receives any disability application, it investigates all the underlying facts, including the member's employment status. When CalPERS contacted respondent's employer, the CHP, CalPERS found out for the first time that respondent was served with a notice of adverse action on July 29, 2013.

Once CalPERS had notice of the NOAA, it had to wait until all disciplinary proceedings were final. Since respondent appealed his termination, his appeal was referred to the State Personnel Board. His appeal had to be finalized through exhaustion of remedies at SPB before CalPERS could act on its application.

Respondent's appeal was final only when he and the CHP executed a stipulated settlement, which was approved by the SPB on January 9, 2014. It was only after January 9, 2014 that his termination proceedings were final. And it was only after January 9, 2014 that Calpers could act on his disability application.

Just 3 months later on April 14, 2014, CalPERS notified respondent that his disability application was canceled due to operation of Haywood. That 3-month window falls within a permissible delay for CalPERS to review and evaluate his application. Equity cannot be used to provide this respondent a benefit not otherwise available to him. And it cannot be used for matters that are plain

and fully covered by statute.

Further, for equity to survive, an important element must be met, which the ALJ fails to address at all in the proposed decision. The interests of the private party must outweigh the effect on the public interest and policies. Here, respondent's interest in obtaining a disability retirement cannot possibly outweigh strong public interest in maintaining and administering the fund equally for all members and employers, particularly when respondent's appeal directly conflicts with case law and prior precedent.

The proposed decision enlarges CalPERS' statutory authority, because it grants respondent the ability to file for disability retirement when not authorized by law. Such a result would be detrimental to the public policy behind the creation of CalPERS. CalPERS must pay respondent only that which it is statutorily authorized to pay.

The Board owes a fiduciary duty of trustee to the Trust Fund and all its beneficiaries, members, and employers. To find equity here would be adverse to public interest and policy. The Board has a primary obligation to protect the fund for the benefit of all beneficiaries and to minimize employer's costs of providing these benefits.

To allow respondent to have a lifetime allowance not permitted by law would have a direct, adverse, financial impact on the CHP, his former employer, against whose reserves his allowance will be drawn. That would be a windfall to the respondent, or in equivalent legal terms, unjust enrichment.

Second, the proposed decision erroneously fails to apply prior case law, Haywood and Smith, and the precedential decision, Vandergoot, to the facts.

In Haywood, the court of appeals held that an employee's termination for cause renders him ineligible for disability retirement. The court explained, while termination of an unwilling employee for cause results in a complete termination of the employer/employee relationship, disability retirement laws contemplate the potential reinstatement of that relationship, if the employee recovers and is no longer disabled.

The same court of appeals reiterated Haywood in Smith, explaining if a disability claim had matured before an event extinguishing the right to a disability retirement, the employee could not be deprived of a disability pension during the duration of the disability.

This maturation did not occur at the time of the injury, but when the Board determines the employee was no longer capable of performing his duties. And finally, in

Vandergoot, this Board extended the Haywood/Smith rule to an employee's voluntary resignation and irrevocable waiver of any rights to reinstate to his former position.

The facts in this case mirror the facts in

Vandergoot. In both, stipulated settlements provided that respondents would voluntarily resign for personal reasons. In both, but for the pendency of the disciplinary action, respondents would never have entered into the stipulated settlements resigning from their positions. In both, stipulated settlements contain language where the respondents agreed not to seek, transfer to, apply for, or accept any employment in any capacity with their employers at any time in the future.

In both, respondents employment relationships with their employers were completely severed as a result of the fully executed settlement agreements. And in both, the complete severance of the employment relationship serves as a bar to applying for disability retirement.

Vandergoot states Haywood makes it clear that a necessary requisite for disability retirement is the potential reinstatement of the employment relationship, if it ultimately is determined that respondent is no longer disabled. Such is not possible here.

Respondent's employment relationship with CHP has not only been severed, but the terms of the stipulated

settlement expressly lock him out from ever being reinstated. Such a circumstance must be viewed as wholly inconsistent with the policy behind and rationale for disability retirement.

Just like Vandergoot, were respondent here to receive a disability retirement allowance, he would have no employer who could require him to undergo a medical exam under Government Code 21192, nor could he be reinstated under Government Code 21193.

These necessary pre-requisites for receiving a disability retirement allowance are simply not present here. For those reasons alone, just like in Vandergoot, CalPERS should considered the terms of the stipulated settlement as being tantamount to a dismissal for the purposes of applying Haywood.

Haywood states the pension roll is a roll of honor, a reward of merit, not a refuge from disgrace. And it would be an absurd construction of the language creating it to hold that the intention of the legislature was to give a lifetime allowance to a person who, on their merits, as distinguished from mere time of service, might be dismissed from the force for misbehavior.

Thank you.

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PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

At this point, Mr. -- please set the clock for 10

minutes. Mr. Scarber, the clock will begin when you start talking.

MR. SCARBER: I'd to make a request.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Your microphone, please.

MR. SCARBER: I'd like to make a request before the time starts. Occasionally, I have to stand up, because of injuries. And I just want the Board to know that if I stand, I'm not leaving, or rushing the Board. It's just --

PRESIDENT FECKNER: You'll just have to speak louder if you do, so the microphone can pick you up.

MR. SCARBER: Yes, sir. I'll project it.

Well, good morning, Mr. President and the Board. First and foremost, let me thank each and every one of you on the Board for your commitment to the approximately 1.8 plus million retirees, active, inactive CalPERS members throughout California. You have represented us well.

At this hearing, I'd like the Board to strongly consider the detailed finding of the Honorable Judge Wong of the administrative law judge during our hearing and evaluate the failure of due process, the lack of investigation, and the Machiavellian approach used during this case, or my case, in claim and application.

The first issue I would like to address is contained in the December the 15th, 2016 agenda presented

to the Board at its meeting on December the 21st. It's reference number 2015-0243.

Ms. Yelland representing CalPERS states in item number 1 -- number 1, it says, "Equity does not apply to CalPERS compliance with the California Public Employees Retirement Law." Well, principles of equity and principles of fairness are synonymous in the legal world, whether it's civil or whether it's criminal. And it was used by the Honorable Judge Wong to assist him in determining my eligibility for industrial disability requirement.

My question before the Board today is, based on the statement, which is verbatim by Ms. Yelland, is this a true and accurate statement?

If any of the 1.8 plus million CalPERS members submits a disability claim or an application, is it true that they are not to be entitled to equitable and/or fairness during the process, because equity does not apply to CalPERS?

That is a pretty strong statement. And I, along with the members of CalPERS, are entitled to an explanation and a response on behalf of the Board.

The legal section, as representative of CalPERS, has already spoken on behalf of the CalPERS. Principles of equity and fairness, I don't believe that I was treated

fairly throughout this.

It all began in 19 -- I mean -- yeah 1990 -'80 -- 1990 when I suffered my first major patrol car
crash. It culminated into sitting in a center divider
with an infant child of a year and a half old that was
killed. And I had to sit in the center divider with this
small baby for several hours waiting for the corner.

It culminates into and altercation can a gang banger, who ultimately won when I was struck in the head with a metal object resulting in a skull lesion. The claims -- and on December the 20th -- I'm sorry -- yeah, December 20th, 2012, I had an appointment with a -- my primary care medical physician, and they immediately put me off duty for cardio hypertension and other reasons.

In that doctor's report, they stated I will never return to law enforcement, never. And I took that as a shocker, because the CHP was not a job for me. It was a career. I loved it. I admired it, and I was appalled by it, but I have to follow the doctor's order.

In Ms. Yelland's response, she cited a case law to the Board, Barrett versus Stanislaus County Employees Retirement Association. And she stated that the case law is -- I mean, this case law is about 21 individuals that were working as program supervisors, and they wanted to be classified as members.

And they took a small -- she took a small excerpt from that, and cited that, and it should be -- and the Board should have that. But when you read a little bit further into this case law, it states, "Pension legislation should be liberally construed resolving all ambiguities in favor of the applicant."

And Ms. Yelland goes into detail about laches, and their argument. I never raised the issue of laches. They raised the issue of laches. And laches, the legal term for that is basically a Hail Mary. We have nothing else against Mr. Scarber, so let's send everybody down field and punt this thing or throw this thing and see if it catches.

So what it interprets to from my understanding, my layperson's understanding, is that when I first told about -- was involved in a patrol car crash in a pursuit that I should have retired -- submitted for medical -- or disability retirement then. But I didn't. When I was sitting in the center Divider with the infant, I should have did it then. I didn't, which began my year-long -- I mean, life-long stress, which causes shingles till this day.

The -- she quoted the case law of Smith, and how this is not applicable, Haywood, Smith, et cetera, et cetera. But what she -- what the Board has not been

presented or told is when you talk about the Haywood case, and it went to the court of appeals, and the Smith versus Napa, there's a statement in there by the appellate court that says, "...but the appellate court also recognized an equitable exemption where there is an impending ruling on an application for disability retirement that is delayed through no fault of the applicant."

When I filed my application in February of 2013, it was at the direction of my doctor. I did not want to, but I did. I submitted everything that CalPERS required me to submit. CalPERS requested information from the Highway Patrol. They requested, I believe, 8 documents and they only received maybe 2 or 3 derogatories[sic]. What they didn't -- what they asked for was a Skelly hearing, and the pre-disciplinary hearing, which I -- my doctors told me not to participate in, but I partici -- got a waiver and participated in it anyway, because I had a story to tell.

And I felt like I was being prejudiced, and I had a story to tell, and I wanted to tell that story against the allegations that were mentioned earlier. That report was never sent to CalPERS in their valuation. They never followed up and requested that and, said, hey, we requested 8 items. You sent us 2 maybe 3, so where are the rest of the items? And I think that would have

allowed a lot of clarification in this.

But the Machiavellian -- instead of approaching with the rules of equity or fairness, we -- they were blindsided and focused on the Machiavellian approach, which was not fair.

My claim goes way back before all of this. And it's all cumulative. And in statement in the transcripts, which the Board should have, is Ms. Yelland stated that the -- they have not reviewed any medical information because it's irrelevant. Medical evidence is irrelevant. This is only whether or not CalPERS properly canceled the disability application.

But when you read the website, you read anything with respect to CalPERS and disability ratings or industrial disability retirement, it says once the application is submitted they review all information and evidence, including medical documentation. There is significant medical documentation on my behalf. I've submitted to Qualified Medical Examiners. I submitted to Agreed Medical Examiners at the behalf of the State. They weren't my choosing. I followed the State's direction.

Everyone of those Qualified Medical Examiners from my head injury, from my back, for psychological, and exposed myself to a 7-hour psychiatric evaluation, everyone of those ruled in my favor. And in my closing

arguments, the percentage rated is documented on that.

So I have done everything. I've played by the rules. I believe in playing by the rules. I believe in fairness, and I believe in honesty. And for -- to attack credibility is uncall -- I mean, inappropriate, and I definitely disagree with it.

The laches issue I can't say enough on that.

It's just -- I don't know where they came from that, but then they chose to introduce laches as a defense, as a Hail Mary defense.

I would request the Board to please, you know, consider what the administrative law judge's -- I respect this decision, instead of the slanderous comments -- I think that he took his time, the Honorable Mr. Wong and he evaluated the case. And they say that he misquoted Smith. He did not misquote Smith. It's verbatim, and it's applicable to my case.

And I respect him and honor him for taking the time and reviewing that case, and rendering his decision. It's been a difficult road, and a difficult process. I thought I was doing the right thing, and it was actually CalPERS that recommended that, hey, due to the delay of all of this thing that it's their recommend -- it was their recommendation for -- to file for service retirement with industry disability retirement. It wasn't my call.

I filed for disability retirement, but they lost it. They delayed it.

And I don't -- we don't know why. I made several calls and contacts with them. And they're like, well, we don't know. We don't know. So at this point file for industrial disability retirement.

But thank you for your time. I can see that I'm done. So I'd please ask the Board to please consider the recommendation of the Honorable Mr. Wong at the administrative hearing and his recommendations and orders. And I thank you very, very much for your time.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you, Mr. Scarber.

MR. SCARBER: And I'm open for any questions.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Ms. Yelland, would you like to offer rebuttal?

to offer reductar?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Thank you, Mr. President.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Please set the clock.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Specifically speaking to the proposed decision in this case, the administrative law judge did find that respondent was permanently terminated from his employment relationship with the CHP when he entered into the stipulated settlement, and respondent's termination of the employment relationship was wholly unrelated to his disability.

The ALJ also found termination was not the ultimate result of a disabling medical condition nor did the termination preempt and otherwise valid claim for disability retirement.

The ALJ did improperly rely on Smith to grant respondent's application based on equity. Again, this is not a case where equitable principles apply. Respondent did not have an impended -- impending ruling on a claim for disability pension that was delayed through no fault of his own.

Here, he did not even initiate the process for receiving disability retirement until after the investigation for the NOAA was conducted, and well after he engaged in the improper underlying actions, which are enumerated in the NOAA beginning in 2012.

There is no undisputed evidence that respondent is eligible for a disability retirement, such that a favorable decision on his claim would be a foregone conclusion, such as, for example, the loss of a limb. For those reasons, respondent's claim had not matured prior to submitting his application.

I would also note that Mr. Scarber is receiving a service retirement. This whole issue is very, very narrow. It concerns his application for disability retirement, and this is not the time or place to talk

about his medical issues.

He cannot apply for disability retirement as a matter of law because his employment relationship is severed, and that became final on January 9th, 2014.

He was dismissed from the force for misbehavior. His dismissal was not the ultimate result of a disabling medical condition, nor preemptive of an otherwise valid claim for disability retirement. This complete severance of his employment relationship precludes him, as a matter of law, from being eligible to apply for disability retirement. Calpers was correct to cancel his disability application.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Mr. Scarber, would you like rebuttal?

MR. SCARBER: Yes, sir I would.

Correct, I am receiving a service retirement, but this is not about money to me. It's not. It's about principles and doing the right thing. Courage, doing the right thing despite the threat of adversity. And if I were wrong, I would not be sitting here today. Like I said, I don't enjoy taking 12 medications a day, and having a heart monitor planted in me. I don't like that.

And it's not about the money. And if CalPERS, when I first submitted my -- on December the 12th -- 20th

of 2012, when I submitted my 14 critical tasks to the California Highway Patrol, the medical -- significant medical documentations to the California Highway Patrol, in addition to CalPERS, that said you are not going back to work in the mean job of law enforcement. You can't.

This was well before I knew of any internal investigation or any initiation of any internal investigation. And once I found out, I wasn't worried, because in my heart of hearts, I did nothing wrong, and I'm going to stand by that.

If -- and if CalPERS, when I first submitted that, if they do what they -- what CalPERS promises to its State members that they will review medical information in addition to, they failed. They didn't do that. And that medical information was readily available to them. And I asked for discovery from its inception. I talked to the lead counsel -- I forget her -- Jainsworth[sic], I believe, and -- from its inception. And I continuously followed up with them, and I requested discovery in writing twice and verbally.

At no time would they provide me any information. They said this was determined based on your file our decision. What file? I would like -- and I'm entitled under the Constitution, in the discovery, to that file. I have never been provided a file, never. Until the hearing

when I was produced 13 -- a binder with 13 exhibits, that's the first time I've seen anything from CalPERS.

They rejected any requests that I have, which is unfair. And that is -- that's a bad faith tactic. I mean, it's not acceptable in criminal proceedings, and I don't see it being definitely acceptable in the civil arena. And that's per the California Code of Civil Procedure.

She talks about his termination, the California Highway Patrol makes a recommendation. That's it, a recommendation. It's up to the State Personnel Board to review the facts of the case, and review things from the attorneys and Attorney General's office before they render a decision. And that's when it becomes final.

The State Personnel Board's decision was not termination. It was to seal the file and a resignation for personal reasons. That was their finding.

But Ms. Yelland wants to translate that into a termination, and I object to that. Thank you for your time.

I made it.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

So now that we've exhausted our time on our rebuttals, it's now time for Board member questions. Any Board members have questions at this time?

Mr. Costigan.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Thank you, Mr. President. Let me make it clear about the State Personnel Board. We didn't have a finding. You entered into a stipulation agreement that was signed off by staff. So don't impute that as a finding. As a Board member, I didn't hear your case. So we're going to talk about your finding, because you didn't come in front of our Board. You entered into a settlement agreement with CHP.

MR. SCARBER: Correct.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: You were allowed to voluntarily resign. That's what your stipulation agreement says, correct?

MR. SCARBER: Yes, sir, but --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Okay. And I just want to say, I have read the underlying issues of your case, and I'm very disturbed as to what the allegations were.

And I have a lot of faith in the Patrol, and in CHP. And you are right, it's a career, and it's a higher calling. Your case was not heard by us. You entered into a settlement agreement. So I just want the record to be very clear, because what you stated is not accurate.

MR. SCARBER: But isn't it correct that it's -- the State Personnel Board --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: We don't question

1 settlement agreements between departments and employees.

That is between the appointing authority and the employee.

I actually have issues with settlement agreements, but it

is not in the authority or jurisdiction of the State

5 | Personnel Board to make a determination.

In fact, 4 years ago, I -- the reason it was signed by your staff is I won't sign off on a settlement agreement. So let's just be clear about the record on that, so --

MR. SCARBER: Okay.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: So the other issue I have, which unfortunately creates a technicality for me. There is no finding of terminable offense. It was a voluntary retirement. And the California Highway Patrol withdrew its adverse action, is that accurate?

MR. SCARBER: Yes, sir.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Yes, Mr. 18 Costigan.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: So at this point, it's interesting, unfortunately, the prior activities, but what we actually have in front of us is a voluntary termination and a settlement agreement with the Patrol with no underlying facts of a disciplinary action. He just -- he was just able to retire, is that correct?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Yes.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Okay. So he filed for disability prior to the term -- to the retirement date, is that correct?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Say that again?

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: I'm trying to get my

dates right. So when he filed for the disability

retirement, it was prior to the adoption of the voluntary

settlement agreement. It was prior --

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Yes

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: --to August 29th, 2013.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Yes.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: So we actually can't take into consideration anything related to -- I mean, correct me if I'm wrong, on the Notice of Adverse Action, because what the settlement agreement says is that respondent agrees to withdraw from the appellant's official personnel file the Notice of Adverse Action?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: That's correct. That's what the settlement says, but --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: So how does laches and all these other theories apply when, on paper, this is just a voluntary termination?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Well, at that point, you look at this court's precedential decision in Vandergoot, which had the identical facts. He, too, Mr.

Vandergoot, also voluntarily resigned pursuant to a settlement agreement, and his NOAA was withdrawn from his OPF.

At that point, the judge who wrote Vandergoot said that respondent's employment relationship has not only been severed by the settlement agreement, but also the terms of the settlement agreement expressly lock him out from being reinstated. Since 2 of the pillars for disability retirement are to be reinstated, if the member does improve, and in these -- both these cases the member -- even if he did improve, would -- could not be reinstated --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: So I -- in the -
SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: -- the 2 pillars

could not be met. Therefore, Vandergoot says it's

tantamount to a dismissal.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: And that's the point you hit on.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Yes.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Yeah. I can't express my outrage on the underlying facts, but they're not before us. I mean, this is -- it's not before this Board.

What's before this Board is that he entered into a voluntary settlement agreement allowing him to resign, but also saying he would not come back into State service.

And because that condition of not being able to come back into State service, regardless of the underlying actions, that's the second pillar, it is that -- it's not -- it's not -- I mean, the problem is we spend a lot of time talking about the facts, and what he did and didn't do in the allegations.

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What this really turns on to is he voluntarily separated from the State of California and signed an agreement he'd never come back. As a result of signing that document saying he couldn't come back, he can't apply for disability because he's ineligible to retire based upon a voluntary document he signed.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Right, he's ineligible for reinstatement.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: That's -- I mean -- thank you. Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Ms. Taylor.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: So I was going to ask

before -- let me get the dates up real quick, because my

iPad went dead. Before you filed your disability

retirement, you didn't receive a Notice of Adverse Action

till after that. But before that, you had an

investigatory hearing, is that correct?

MR. SCARBER: No.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: So you were just notified

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    ahead of time that you lost your powers as a peace
    officer?
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             MR. SCARBER: That came after the fact.
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             BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Not, it didn't, not
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    according to this.
             MR. SCARBER: Well, when I visited my doctor on
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   December the 20th, I actually had an employment --
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             BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: On what date?
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             MR. SCARBER: December the 20th, 2012, and that's
    when they put me on no duty, and stated I would never
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    return to law enforcement.
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             BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: So were you on sick leave?
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             MR. SCARBER: I was required to use sick leave
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    from that point forward, yes, ma'am.
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             BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR:
                                  Okay.
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             MR. SCARBER: Or exhaust all my leave credits.
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             BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: So -- and you received, I
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   believe it was, in December a notification that you lost
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    your peace officer standing, correct?
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             MR. SCARBER:
                           Yes.
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             BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: In the same month?
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             MR. SCARBER: It's the latter -- I think it was
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    the last day of the month, I believe. So yes, ma'am.
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             BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: So hold on a second.
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             Okay. So -- and you never received any
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investigatory hearing. You just -- they just did this and they didn't put you on administrative leave?

MR. SCARBER: No, ma'am.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Okay. And once they did this, did you contact your union?

MR. SCARBER: Yes, ma'am.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Okay. And what did your union recommend?

MR. SCARBER: The union recommended, because I had spoken to counsel who mislead me and said that he had dealt with this before. And they said since I had represented it, that they could not assist me.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Okay. I'm sorry. So the union said they couldn't represent you, not the Council.

MR. SCARBER: Correct.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Okay. I'm sorry. Outside counsel said the union couldn't represent you on this?

MR. SCARBER: No, ma'am, the union did. When I contacted the CHP and explained my predicament to them, they asked if I was represented by counsel.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Okay.

MR. SCARBER: And I said yes,

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Okay. And that is correct, because -- so were you represented by counsel at any time to fight any of this?

MR. SCARBER: Yes, ma'am. For the State Personnel Board, yes, ma'am.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Not the State Personnel Board. I'm talking about your underlying stuff that was going on, the investigation.

MR. SCARBER: The investigation by the California Highway Patrol?

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Yeah.

MR. SCARBER: No, ma'am.

BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Okay. Okay. And the dates I'm seeing here show that it -- you're telling me something different, that you were on sick leave, and we don't have that information, but what I'm seeing here is that you were notified that you lost your peace officer power. And then you went on -- and tried to file for retirement disability. And that's what I'm seeing on the file. So I'm not seeing that you were on sick leave.

But it sounds to me like what we've got is pretty much a set deal, in terms of not meeting the requirements for disability anyway, because you cannot be reemployed.

My point was that it -- that the appearance -- and I'll have to tell you, because I've -- I've looked at cases like this before, the appearance is you got in trouble, and you decided to try to retire.

MR. SCARBER: I disagree.

1 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Jelincic.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Yeah, I -- the issue before us is not whether he is eligible for disability retirement. The -- and the charges that are included in the adverse action are really very appalling. And I have significant confidence in the CHP, but they have never been proved.

But that's not the issue. The issue is did

he -- the judge said that any discussion of his underlying

medical condition was not the issue at the hearing. The

issue was did he have a chance to apply?

So what -- when he applied in February, what did CalPERS do? Did they schedule a medical exam?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: No.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. And you'd said that when you contacted the CHP, you found out about the adverse action.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Correct.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: So you did not contact the CHP for 5 months after he applied. What did you do in those 5 months?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Well, what Calpers does on any application is contact the member, contact the employer, find out the member's employment status. And in this case, we found out about the NOAA.

Then we found out that was up on appeal with SPB, so we had to wait for the SPB to make its determination. It never did. Mr. Costigan's correct. In that interim of time, there was a settlement.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: So what you are telling me is that for the first 5 months after he applied, the folder sat on somebody's desk?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: No, I'm not telling you that. I'm telling you that once we found out that there were termination proceedings that are generated against Mr. Scarber, the medical part is not evaluated. It's not reviewed. We don't ask for the doctor reports. We don't ask for the other information, because the first step, if you will, the preliminary hurdle, is whether or not he can even file for disability.

And if we cannot even file, then -- then the medicals -- the cost for an IME, the IME Report can -- which can be thousands of dollars in any disability application. So staff takes the position that let's see what happens on the first step, before we evaluate the medicals. And in this case, we found the medicals did not need to be evaluated.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: And in this case, it took you 5 months to ask the employer if there was -- if there was still an employment relationship?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: I'd have to look at the facts to give you the exact number of months. But that's sounds right.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: So for 5 months you did nothing. And the issue before us is does he have the right to apply?

If he had -- if he met the qualifications before you had found out about the adverse action, you would have approved it. But for 5 months you did not do anything is what I'm hearing.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Well, I'm not sure we would have approved it. I think that we would have evaluated the medical evidence to see what it said.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. So you would -if -- so you would have evaluated the medical evidence,
and seeing if it was justified, but you didn't do that.
You did nothing for 5 months, is what you're telling me,
or had you contacted the CHP, and they said, well,
something is pending, and so hold off. What --

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: The delay is -- how do I say it? The delay is associated with what we got back from the CHP and when we got it, because when the investigation is going forward, the CHP is not at liberty to disclose to us what the investigation is or what they're even doing.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. So it was 5 months before you got any information from the CHP.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Yes.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: And it strikes me that if somebody has filed a appeal -- a medical -- a disability retirement, sometime within the first 5 months you would contact the employer and you would start looking at the documentation and decide. In this case, you did not do that. Is --

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Well, in this case, we did contact the CHP. But because of the ongoing investigation, we didn't get the NOAA until sometime after July 22nd, 2013.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: So when you contact -you said when you contacted the CHP, you found out about
the adverse action. But now you're saying that, well, you
had contacted CHP, and they said something is going on.
Sit on it. Is that what I'm hearing?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: I think you're putting words into my mouth. What happened was in February, we received a disability Application. During that interim 5-month period, until July 2013, we did contact the CHP. The NOAA was not issued until the end of July 2013. And in that interim, there were investigations, there was various actions going on by CHP.

We did not receive any information from CHP until the actual NOAA was final and issued.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. So for 5 months you didn't do any investigation because you're waiting to hear what the CHP may say at some future point?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Correct.

members -- I think he will have a really tough time proving that he actually is eligible to receive disability retirement, but that's not the issue that's before us. The issue is does he have a right to apply? And given that we sat on it for 5 months and didn't process it, we did not give him a chance to show that any of the exceptions applied.

When you look at the transcript, and maybe I'm misreading that, every time he raised the issue of his medical qualification for disability, the administrative law judge said that is not the issue that is before me. The issue is do you have a right to apply, not do you have a right to get one, but do you have a right to apply. Am I misreading?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: No, I think that's what happened.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. I -- let's see if that -- other points I wanted.

And rein -- reinstatement is not -- correct me if I'm wrong. Let me rephrase it. Is reinstatement a -- the ability to be reinstated a necessary condition of a disability?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Yes.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: So if a Highway Patrolman were in an accident and lost both legs, you know, they're clearly not going to get reinstated, would that make them ineligible, because they're not going to get reinstated?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: No. That's actually what Smith talked about, the foregone conclusion, such as the loss of a limb.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. So it's not -SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: That's a Smith -in Smith versus City of Napa.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. So it's not -- reinstatability is not essential to granting it? I mean, there are --

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Unless it's a foregone conclusion, such as a loss of a limb. But if it's -- in this case say, for example, where it's cardio sand high blood pressure and that kind of thing, presumably, at some point, maybe Mr. Scarber can heal from those issues. We don't know. But in that case, one of the columns that disability is predicated on is the right

1 of reinstatement.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. I appreciate the distinction.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Ms. Mathur.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Thank you.

Ms. Yelland, could you just clarify for me on what date staff contacted -- first contacted CHP after receiving the disability application?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: I'm not sure I can. I don't have those dates in front of me. I could certainly get them for you, but I don't know them off the top of my head.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Okay. But it certainly was not -- it was not -- they did not wait until July 22nd of 2013 when the CHP issued a Notice of Adverse Action. It was sometime before that.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Yes, ma'am.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Do you -- in your recollection, was it within a month of receiving the disability application or --

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: The way I would answer that is generally when I have seen disability applications come through the system, it's within a month,

because those are the first steps towards reviewing and evaluating any disability application. I would think it would have been within the first month, but I can't swear to it. I don't have those dates in front of me.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Okay. And at that time, staff received some information from CHP that there was a proceeding. Were they told that it was an investigation or they were just told there was a -- something was -- there was a proceeding, and that that would not be concluded for some period of time.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Correct.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Okay. Thank you.

I have a question for you, Mr. Scarber.

MR. SCARBER: Yes, ma'am.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: So when you signed the voluntary separation agreement -- is that what it's called, separation -- settlement agreement. I'm sorry, settlement agreement --

MR. SCARBER: Yes, ma'am.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: -- you were aware that it terminated all of your rights to return to State service, is that correct?

Presumably you read the settlement agreement before signing it?

MR. SCARBER: Oh, yes, but I wasn't worried about

the termination. I was not approached with a -- I mean, I
did not initiate a settlement statement. They did, which
is neither here nor there. I signed the settlement
agreement.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: You agreed to the settlement agreement.

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MR. SCARBER: Yes, ma'am. So it's neither here nor there, but yes, if I were terminated, but I was willing to fight it, because it was -- and I agree and disagree with Mr. Costigan that -- yeah, the allegations were appalling. I asked for administrative interrogation to explain my side and was told no.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: But if you were willing to fight it, you wouldn't -- presumably you wouldn't have signed the settlement agreement. You would have actually fought it?

MR. SCARBER: Not necessarily. I had too many things on, and so you've got, I guess, cut your losses for lack of better terms.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Okay. But you -- as you stated, you read the settlement agreement. You were aware that it terminated all of your rights of return to State service?

MR. SCARBER: Yes, it says I would not apply for CHP. And I didn't want to.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: And did you include in the settlement agreement any language that preserved your right to receive, if awarded, an industrial disability retirement?

MR. SCARBER: I didn't know anything about that.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: You didn't know that you had an application pending?

MR. SCARBER: Well, yeah, I filed the application, and then I filed for services retirement on industrial disability retirement. And then I --

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: You filed -- I'm sorry, restate that. You filed a --

MR. SCARBER: A service retirement at the direction of CalPERS, because this has taken too long. And that was their words, this has taken too long. We strongly encourage you to file for a service retirement, with an industrial disability retirement attached to it. And I said, okay. And so that's what I did is I filed that.

And still several months go by and with respect to hearings, I was notified via email that they were scheduling a hearing. And my response back was what hearing? And they said for your industrial disability retirement. And I thought this was resolved a long time ago. And they said, no. Do you want to not go further.

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And I said no. You know, I'm not -- I don't -- I only
fight and argue for what I believe in, and if I'm right.

And if I'm wrong, I wouldn't even be here today.

And so -- and I'm appalled that -- with respect
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And so -- and I'm appalled that -- with respect to the allegations, I'm just as appalled as you are, and Mr. Costigan is. I mean, I am -- I mean, it was -- it was --

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Okay. That's not -- that's not what I'm asking.

MR. SCARBER: But did I read? Yes, ma'am, I did read it.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: You did read it.

MR. SCARBER: Yes, ma'am. I signed it.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: And you were aware that it terminated all of your rights to return to State service, which was included in the separation agreement -- the settlement agreement rather.

MR. SCARBER: That I would not apply -- be employed by the California Highway Patrol, or apply for them in the future, correct.

BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Okay. Thank you.

MR. SCARBER: You're welcome.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Ms. Hollinger.

BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Yes. Just further

25 | clarification from our counsel. Going on Mr. Costigan,

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   Ms. Mathur's point, entering in this full settlement
    agreement, doesn't that, being as it was voluntary --
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    voluntarily done, and even says he waives rights to
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    disability, wouldn't that, in and of itself, preclude him
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    from coming back?
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             SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: If the settlement
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    agreement said he waived his right?
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             BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Well, it -- it says it's
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    a -- not waive his rights, but that it's a general release
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    of disability -- let's see. I had the -- he acknowledges
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    the civil rights and the American's With Disability Acts.
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    I think I have it on page 225.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: If you can save your
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    response, we're going to take a very brief recess.
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             Just save your response, please.
16
             (Off record: 11:14 a.m.)
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             (Thereupon a recess was taken.)
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             (On record: 11:16 a.m.)
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. We're back on the
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    record.
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             BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Do you have the page?
             SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: I do.
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                                                     The break
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   was very advantageous. I found it.
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             (Laughter.)
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             VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Maybe that's the real
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1 reason. 2 (Laughter.) 3 SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Okay. So you're 4 looking at Paragraph 7, I presume, right, the complete 5 general release? 6 BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Correct. 7 Wait. BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: PRESIDENT FECKNER: Just for the record, Mr. Lind 8 9 is leaving. He has transportation issues. So he will not 10 be participating the rest of the hearing, not voting. 11 BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Okay. SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: So this 12 13 settlement agreement was entered into between Mr. Scarber 14 and the California Highway Patrol. CalPERS had no 15 knowledge of it, was not a party to it, had nothing to do 16 with it when it was executed, and, in fact, didn't even 17 find out about it until after January 2014.

If you look at Paragraph 11, the parties that are involved here are the California State Transportation Agency, CHP and their predecessors and successors.

CalPERS is not mentioned at all in this settlement agreement. So unfortunately in answer to your question, that paragraph would not preclude it.

BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Got it.

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SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: I wish it did.

BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Okay. I just wanted clarification there.

Okay. Thank you.

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PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Gillihan.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: Thank you, Mr. President.

I just want to clarity a question. When Mr.

Scarber's settlement agreement with the Highway Patrol precludes him from seeking employment with the CHP, but not with the broader State of California.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Correct.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: So given that he could, through a competitive process, potentially regain employment with the State of California, does that not change the determination that because he can't be reinstated, he's not longer eligible for a disability?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: No, because it doesn't resurrect his ability to be employed with the CHP. It is the terminating employer that is at issue here, and that's CHP. He can never go back there.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: So it's linked to the hiring authority, which in this case was also in theory going to be the terminating authority?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Correct.

BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: All right. Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Mr. Costigan.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: And that was the clarifying question, because he could not go work for CDCR as a peace officer boot strap that employment to achieve the result he's seeking, at least that's your position?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: That's correct.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Because it's the appointing authority of CHP. So again, you've got the voluntary withdrawal, you've got the general release, and you have the inability to come back in to service with CHP.

And now we're just back -- not to harp on this point, but my struggle is the NOA is -- becomes irrelevant upon the signing of the voluntary settlement agreement. So when you back up on the date, is the -- it's as though the NOA -- NOAA never existed. This is the struggle I'm having, because I know it's there in the record, but it's not -- the settlement agreement is not based on any action. It's just a voluntary termination.

So how do you reconcile the calendar, because why are you saying the NOAA is not knocked out?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: The settlement agreement is predicated on the disciplinary proceedings. If not for the disciplinary proceedings, he never would have entered into any settlement agreement.

Take -- please refer yourself to Paragraph 1, withdrawal and dismissal of action.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: The exhibit number, please?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: It is the settlement agreement. I have it as Exhibit 11.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: It says, "Respondent was an Assistant Chief in the Central Division of the California Highway Patrol until his dismissal effective August 29, 2013." Is that the one you're referring to?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: No. Withdrawal and Dismissal of Action. Page 2 of the settlement agreement, at the top, line 4.

MR. SCARBER: Attachment F as presented to the Board.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Well, I under -- and so but it -- but what it says in there is the effective date -- so it says, "Appellant withdraws prejudice his appeal from the Notice of Adverse Action that was effective on the close of business August 29th...and which is Currently pending before the State Personnel Board..." And then you go down to 2 is that he withdraws his appeal, and resigns for personal reasons. And then CHP accepts it. I'm just trying to get the dates here.

I mean the NO -- you're saying the NOAA, the adverse action, still exists. Even though he wasn't

terminated for it, we're supposed to take notice of the action, so that starts the date. I'm going -- we're just trying to pick dates here at this point. This is -- calendars are very important. The date set in stone is August 29th, which we know he no longer is employed with California Highway Patrol.

So you back up to when the Notice of Adverse

Action. And you're saying that the clock -- the date ran, regardless of the -- if the settlement was for cause or not cause, you take notice of the Notice of Adverse

Action, and that's the date that after that he was no longer available -- or he was no longer eligible to apply for a disability retirement.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Well, I'm saying that the --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: He's got to have a starting date. What's the starting date?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: I'm saying that as of the time the NOAA was issued on July 29th, that gave CalPERS notice that disciplinary proceedings were pending against Mr. Scarber. However, those weren't finalized until January 2014. There was an appeal that -- as you know, I mean, we've talked about this now. It went to SPB, but the final, final disposition with disciplinary proceedings pending against him was January 9th, 2014.

But --

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: But they were dis -- I know it's on semantics. There was never a finding that he actually violated a policy. There was a Notice of Adverse Action. Ms. Taylor raised the question. There was not -- it didn't sound like there was the hearing. It's a date. I mean, again, I don't like these settlement agreements. They don't contain -- I mean, these are the unintended consequences of them.

And so from this settlement, what we turn on is you're asking us to take notice as a date, the Notice of the Adverse Action for which was withdrawn.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: That's just an explanation of why it took so long for CalPERS to render a decision in this case. The NOAA was issued back in July of 2013.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: All right. I'm sorry. I have one last question. I'll rephrase it.

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Okay.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: If there was Notice of Adverse Action and he just voluntarily resigned on August 29th, 2013, and had filed his application prior to that date for disability retirement, we would have processed the claim. Not that he would have been entitled to it, but we would have processed it, if it had been filed prior

to the retirement date -- or the separation date, the separation date?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: No, I'm not sure that's true. I think that on occasion when that has happened, we've taken those cases to hearing as well.

BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Is there a precedential decision on that anywhere?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: No, there is not. BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Okay. Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Ms. Mathur.

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BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Thank you. On page 2 of the settlement agreement, number 2, entitled, "Resignation", it states, "Appellant hereby agrees to resign voluntarily for personal reasons from his position as...", et cetera, et cetera. "Appellant receives service retirement effect October 31, 2013."

To me, that is pretty clear that the individual has terminated his claim on an industrial disability.

Indeed, he signed this agreement, which states that he's resigning voluntarily for personal reasons not for industrial disability reasons.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Slaton.

BOARD MEMBER SLATON: Thank you, Mr. President.

On the same page, under number 4, "Future

Employment", there's words here I don't quite understand why it's in this document, because staff has asserted that he cannot go back under any circumstances. However, the end of number 4 says, "...and if he should obtain employment in contravention of this provision, he may be immediately dismissed...", and then it goes on.

So I'm not sure I understand. I mean, that clause seems to imply that even though this document says you won't seek it, he could violate this document, seek employment, gain employment, at which point he's subject to immediate dismissal with no other rights.

MR. SCARBER: Thank you, Mr. Slaton.

BOARD MEMBER SLATON: So why is that clause -how do you interpret that clause then, as you say, he has
no ability to come back if this clause is in here?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: Well, again, because he voluntarily resigned, and he was removed by process of the settlement agreement, he was removed. Now, in the future, 10 years from now, he may reapply. He may. I don't know if he will or not. I -- he has free will. And if he does, then that's a breach of this agreement, and he may be immediately dismissed.

The CHP doesn't want him back. If somehow he gets through the application process with CHP, and they find out, and they look at the settlement agreement and

say, hey, isn't this the guy that signed a settlement agreement back in January 2014, they can immediately remove him without his rights as a State employee being impinged.

BOARD MEMBER SLATON: So there's just -- there's 2 things though, the words, "If he should obtain employment" -- and I understand it's a big bureaucracy. People aren't aware. You know they do something maybe that they didn't check, but then it says, "May be immediately...". It doesn't say "shall be". It says "May be immediately dismissed." So again, the choice of words, all I have is -- to go by is the words that are sitting here. So do you discern a difference between "shall be" versus "May be immediately dismissed"?

SENIOR STAFF ATTORNEY YELLAND: I believe that paragraph 4 gives the CHP power to remove him from future employment should he manage to get through. It gives them the power to do that.

BOARD MEMBER SLATON: Okay. All right. Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. Seeing no other requests to speak. This Board is going to recess and go into the chambers for a closed session. We will be back out to take action in open session shortly.

MR. SCARBER: Thank you, Board.

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(Off record: 11:27 a.m.)
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             (Thereupon the meeting recessed
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             into closed session.)
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             (Thereupon the meeting reconvened
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             open session.)
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             (On record: 11:56 a.m.)
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Okay. We going to reconvene
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    the Board meeting.
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             Mr. Jelincic is on his way to the dais.
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             Mr. Jones, please.
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             VICE PRESIDENT JONES:
                                    Yeah.
                                            Thank you, Mr.
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   President. I move to adopt the proposed decision as the
   Board's own decision with a minor modification to delete
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    any and all references to the word "equity" therein.
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             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: I'll second it.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: So it's been moved and
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    seconded. We're going to have a roll call vote, please.
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             Please turn on the machine.
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             (Thereupon an electronic vote was taken.)
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. Motion carries.
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             This part of the Item 10 is now over.
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             We'll move on to Item 11. We're going to take a
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    quick 5-minute recess to get everything situated before we
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    go into the next full Board hearing.
             (Off record: 11:57 a.m.)
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(Thereupon a recess was taken.)
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             (On record: 12:03 p.m.)
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. We are going to
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    reconvene the Board meeting. Next up will be Agenda Item
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    11.
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             So let's open the record for the full Board
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   hearing in the appeal of the Honorable Paul G. Mast,
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    CalPERS case number 2010-0825. First order of business
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    will be to please call the roll.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Rob Feckner?
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Good morn -- afternoon.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Henry Jones?
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             VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Here.
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Michael Bilbrey?
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             BOARD MEMBER BILBREY: Here.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Eric Lawyer for John
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    Chiang?
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             ACTING BOARD MEMBER LAWYER:
                                          Here.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Richard Costigan?
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             BOARD MEMBER COSTIGAN: Here.
             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Richard Gillihan?
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             BOARD MEMBER GILLIHAN: Here.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Dana Hollinger?
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             BOARD MEMBER HOLLINGER: Here.
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             BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: J.J. Jelincic?
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BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Yes. 1 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Ron Lind? 2 3 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Excused. BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Priya Mathur? 4 5 BOARD MEMBER MATHUR: Here. 6 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Bill Slaton? 7 BOARD MEMBER SLATON: Here. 8 BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: Theresa Taylor? 9 BOARD MEMBER TAYLOR: Here. BOARD SECRETARY BUCHANAN: And Lynn Paquin for 10 11 Betty Yee? 12 ACTING BOARD MEMBER PAQUIN: Here. 13 PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you. 14 The proposed decision was originally considered by the Board on April 20th, 2016 when the Board declined 15 16 to adopt the proposed decision and remanded the case back 17

by the Board on April 20th, 2016 when the Board declined to adopt the proposed decision and remanded the case back to the Office of Administrative Hearings for the taking of additional evidence. In December of 2016, the Board considered a proposed decision after remand. At that meeting, the Board again rejected the proposed decision this time after remand, and scheduled this matter for a full Board hearing.

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I note for the record that all parties have received notice of this full Board hearing, along with copies of the Statement of Policy and Procedures for Full

Board Hearings before this Board.

In addition, all parties have been informed in writing that oral argument will be limited to 10 minutes for each position, and rebuttal will be limited to 3 minutes for reach position.

Would counsel for each party please take a moment to introduce themselves, starting with staff's counsel and then Judge Mast's counsel.

MR. RIEGER: Jeffrey Ryan Rieger --

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Please turn on your microphone.

MR. RIEGER: Sorry about that. Jeffrey Ryan Rieger of the law firm Reed Smith for staff.

ASSISTANT CHIEF COUNSEL SEABOURN: Marguerite Seabourn, Assistant Chief Counsel for Calpers Legal.

MR. HORNER: Lee Horner from Gladstein Legal Team representing Judge Mast. Good day, sir.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you. Good morning. Good afternoon.

So thank you. Let the record also reflect that Chirag Shah from the Los Angeles based law firm of Shah & Associates, the Board's independent counsel on full Board hearings and proposed decisions from the Office of Administrative hearings is here now, and will be advising members of the Board on procedural, as well as substantive

issues that arise in this proceeding should Board members have questions.

Mr. Shah will also provide a brief summary of the case before we begin oral arguments.

As stated previously, each position will have 10 minutes for oral argument. Mr. Rieger will first have 10 minutes to present staff's argument. After that, Mr. Horner will have 10 minutes to present Judge Mast's argument. Neither side is compelled to use the full 10 minutes. However, if a party concludes their argument in less than the time allotted, they will not be permitted to carry-over any remaining time to any other portion of this proceeding.

After both sides have presented oral argument, each side will be given 3 minutes for rebuttal argument, in the same order as the original presentation, first Mr. Rieger, then Mr. Horner. Here, too, the parties may, but do not have to, use the entire time allocated to them for the rebuttal. But if a party decides to use less time, they will again not be -- have another opportunity to use any remaining time.

There's a timer in this room, which will be set for 10 minutes for initial argument and 3 minutes for rebuttals. The timer will begin when you first start to speak. Please pay close attention to the timer as you

make your presentations, in order to avoid going over your allotted time. When the timer's light turns read, your time will have expired.

After all sides' arguments and rebuttals are concluded, the Board may ask questions of any of the parties to this proceeding, as well as our independent counsel. The alternatives available to the Board are set forth in Agenda Item 11.

Any questions so far? Do all parties understand the procedure?

Mr. Rieger?

MR. RIEGER: Yes.

MR. HORNER: Yes, for Mr. Mast -- Judge Mast.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Now the, Mr. Shah, please provide us a brief summary of the case.

MR. SHAH: Good afternoon, Mr. President and members of the Board. As you said, my name is Chirag Shah, and I will provide a very quick summary of the case, essentially an outline.

This case involves the Honorable Paul G. Mast, as you said, a retired judge jurist with the State of California. Judge Mast seeks to be paid retirement benefits pursuant to a 1996 settlement agreement between him and the Judges' Retirement System, which can be found

at Attachment G, JRS Exhibit 1.

The settlement agreement was reached in order to resolve Judge Mast's first case before the Office of Administrative Hearings. The Statement of Issues in that case can be found at Attachment H, Respondent's Exhibit N. In addition to seeking to enforce the settlement agreement, Judge Mast also asserts that staff impermissibly failed to allow him to retire at age 60.

The relevant legal issues in the matter are naturally governed by the Judges' Retirement Law, particularly section 68203 and 75033.5 of the Government Code.

Now, for some background, Mr. President. Judge
Mast became a member of the JRS on November 8, 1965,
following his appointment to the Municipal Court of the
State of California in Orange County. Judge Mast took his
last oath of office on January 6th, 1975.

Judge Mast retired from his last judicial office in January 1979 with approximately 13.2 years of service credit.

Section 75033.5 of the Judges' Retirement Law provides the formula for providing judicial pensions, and essentially ties the allowance of judges -- the retirement allowance of judges to salaries of active judges.

In 1969, when Judge Mast was still on the bench,

Section 68203 of the Judges' Retirement Law provided for judicial salaries to include annual cost of living increases as determined by the California Consumer Price Index.

However, in 1976, Section 68203 was amended effective January 1, 1977 to cap Judges' COLAs at 5 percent. So this was the maximum that could be provided.

Several judges challenged the constitutionality of the 5 percent cap, and actually won the case in the case of Olson versus Cory. That -- the Cory Court did hold, however, that the 5 percent cap could be applied to judges who began new terms after, what they'd called, the protected period.

As discussed in the parties' arguments, the settlement agreement provided that Judge Mast's annual retirement allowance would be based on a hypothetical salary for the last position that he held with uncapped COLA increase -- adjustment. In essence, the settlement agreement purported to comply with Judge Mast's reading of the Corey decision.

According to the proposed decision on remand,

Judge Mast was paid pursuant to the settlement agreement

until February 2000 or 2002, at some point in time. It's

really not clear from the administrative record.

In any event, in 2002 when there were some staff

changes in the JRS Unit, JRS began rejecting the settlement agreement as being prohibited by Corey, and the Judges' Retirement Law. So Judge Mast began corresponding back and forth with staff over the years, until May 4th, 2011 when he was informed that his benefits needed to be adjusted, pursuant to the mistake statute, which is section 20160, to correct a mistake whereby a staff member inadvertently applied a 9 percent COLA to his retirement allowance during 1 year when it should have been 1.9 percent.

Judge Mast was also informed that in May 2011 that he would continue to receive his retirement allowance, in accordance with the formula set forth in the 1996 settlement agreement.

As stated in the proposed decision on remand, however, staff offered no evidence at the hearing substantiating that such an error occurred. On or about May 31st, 2011, Judge Mast filed the appeal that the Board is hearing today.

In the meantime, while this appeal was going through the administrative process, Judge Mast, along with several other judges had filed and lost a case in the Superior court, and a subsequent appeal in the California Court of Appeals, based on a theory identical to Judge Mast's reading of the Corey case, as articulated in the

settlement agreement.

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That case was Standiforth versus Judges'
Retirement System and resulted in a 2014 California Court
of Appeals Decision, which invalidated Judge Mast's theory
of the Corey case. Judge Mast, however, has consistently
objected to JRS staff's reading Standiforth as applied to
his situation.

Staff basically takes the position that

Standiforth decision rendered the settlement a document which was quote, "void against public policy", 20 years after its execution, or at least effective 2014 when the Standiforth decision was issued. In the proposed decision before the Board today, the ALJ agrees with staff. Just Mast strongly Disagrees with this finding, as well as related findings, and urges the Board to decline to adopt the proposed decision, and instead issue its own decision in which the Board declares the settlement agreement to be valid and enforceable.

The details of the parties arguments, as well as the entire administrative record, are before the Board at Agenda Item 11.

With that, Mr. President, I conclude my brief summary of the case.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you, Mr. Shah.

Let us now turn to preliminary evidentiary

issues. As all parties are aware, we are not here to relitigate factual issues or resubmit evidence into the administrative record.

However, in rare circumstance, in the interests of achieving a just result, may require consideration of newly discovered, relevant documentary evidence, which could not, with reasonable diligence, have been discovered and produced at the hearing before the administrative law judge, and which therefore is not a part of the administrative record.

The Board's procedure makes it clear that under no circumstance may the Board accept new testimonial evidence, witness testimony or any kind of examination or cross-examination of anyone, including Board members in today's proceeding.

Under the Board's procedure, requests to introduce newly discovered documentary evidence must be submitted in writing to the Board's secretary no later than the due date for written argument, which in this case was February 3, 2017.

In order to avoid interruptions during each party's respective time today, please let us know now if either party has any relevant, newly discovered evidence which could not have been discovered and produced at the hearing that it seeks to be admitted into the

administrative record today, as to which a timely written request was submitted to the Board.

Mr. Rieger?

MR. RIEGER: I have no additional evidence, Mr. President

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Mr. Horner?

MR. HORNER: I have nothing either, your Honor.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Seeing that there are no requests to submit newly discovered evidence, let us begin oral arguments.

Mr. Rieger, please present staff's argument. Please start the clock for 10 minutes upon his starting to speak.

MR. RIEGER: Thank you, Mr. President.

I'd like to talk a little bit about the history of Olson V Corey, because I think it's important to understand in this case.

First of all, the theory that Mr. Mast has been proposing was actually litigated in Olson v. Corey. It was actually asserted by the judges and justices across the State against the State. They won part of their case. They lost this part.

The California -- this was years of litigation up and down the California courts. The California Supreme

Court rejected their theory, and it rejected it in spirit

throughout the opinion and it rejected it in letter throughout the opinion. There are several instances throughout the opinion that can only be read as direct refutations of the theory.

The larger picture of Olson v. Corey was that -from the retirement perspective, was that the retired
judges had a vested right to have their pensions tied to
active judges salaries. So when the California Supreme
Court said that active judges are entitled to have their
salaries stay up at that higher level for existing terms,
but they would go down to the lower level for the later
terms, the same rule applied for the retirees.

So as go the actives, so go the retirees, because that's their vested right. They don't have a vested right to unlimited COLAs from here to eternity. They have a vested right to be tied to the active members.

That's -- in a nutshell, that's what Olson v. Corey decided. But there is also direct statements in Olson v. Corey that specifically say that retirees are not entitled to a COLA, that they are directly tied to the active members.

I raise this, because I think it's important for the -- it's important for everything else in this case.

This was litigation that went up and down to the Supreme

Court twice actually. It went to the Supreme Court twice,

because it also went there on interest.

And what Mast is claiming is that none -- this was a class action of all judges and justices across the State of California. None of those judges and justices noticed that the State was failing to comply with the court judgment as he read it.

Their contingency fee counsel, who made money based on how much recovery they got, never bothered to enforce the judgment. His claim is that they won this theory, but never received satisfaction of it, and nobody did anything about it, and Mr. Mast was the only person that ever figured this out. That is his theory.

More recently, when he came -- when this -- when the Standiforth litigation began -- first of all, I want -- I want to clarify one thing you heard from your Board counsel. It is not my position that Standiforth rendered the settlement agreed void. It is my position that the settlement agreement was always void, I want to make that clear. I think Standiforth just confirms that, but I believe it was always void.

Mr. -- when Mr. Mast felt like he wasn't getting paid enough under this agreement, he started -- keep in mind when he signed this settlement agreement, he said I'm going to keep this confidential. And then he thought he wasn't getting paid enough, so then he started threatening

the system saying, well, I'm going to make this a billion dollar issue, if you don't pay me off. That's what the -- that's what he did. And they said we're not going to do that.

So then we ended up with Standiforth litigation. In the Standiforth litigation, we have a Superior court judge that granted our demurrer. That's a -- a demurrer is right on the face of the pleadings, the case is no good. It doesn't have to go any further. We won in the San Diego Superior Court. It was upheld unanimously by 3 appellate court justices. The same ruling was followed by the ALJ in this case.

And actually, Mr. Horner himself is counsel to his wife, who is the beneficiary of deceased judge, who has also pursued this same theory, which was rejected by another ALJ in a proposed decision that was adopted by this Board a couple years ago.

So any -- every person, every neutral judicial officer that has looked at this has come to the same conclusion. You'll see arguments throughout Mr. Mast's papers that -- essentially that I tricked somebody, that I -- somehow I tricked the court of appeal and got them to focus on one sentence, and not understand the context of the opinion.

I don't know whether to be flattered or insulted,

but I can tell you it's insulting for the justices, because this whole case turns on the interpretation of one California Supreme Court case. The Honorable Justices of the 4th District Court of Appeal now how to read a case, and they are not so easily fooled by someone like me. It's -- they reach the decision, because it was the right decision.

So the settlement -- I raise all of this -- I wanted to go through some of that history, because I think that's important for understanding the settlement agreement.

Surely, this System has the ability to settle disputed claims. Surely, there are times when it makes sense to settle disputed claims. And surely, when a claim is properly settled, it will be binding on this System.

But this is not a -- this was not a good faith claim. This was not within the realm of reason. Like I said, it was -- the theory was literally rejected in the very Supreme Court opinion that Mr. Mast claimed adopted it. And it's not something like a disability, where there might be some open question about whether somebody actually is disabled. This is just a simple question of law. Are you entitled to X?

And what they ended up doing in the settlement agreement, it says we're going to give you X, as long as

you don't tell anybody else about it. So Mr. Mast said

I'm going to -- to be clear, for the last several decades,

Mr. Mast was receiving benefits that no other JRS member

received. Now, he later tried to get it for a hundred

more by initiating the Standiforth litigation, which was

lost, confirming what we -- what should have been obvious

from the beginning, which is that this was not a

reasonable theory.

I also want to point out that in the settlement agreement itself, it says that his -- that his benefit is going to be calculated pursuant to Olson v. Corey. So -- and it wasn't. Now, I'm -- we have to acknowledge that over the years, staff did apply his reading, but that reading was clearly wrong.

So I think what's important to think about here is -- one important thing I think for this Board to think about is what kind of precedent do you want to set? Is this the kind of behavior that you want to encourage in your membership? That they can come in and say -- I mean, somebody can come in and say, well, I know my formula says 3 at 50, but I think it means 4 at 50. And if you don't settle with me, I'm going to initiate class action litigation, and cause you, you know, all this expense. So settle with me, pay me 4 at 50, and I won't bother you with it.

Now, I know that sounds a little cartoon-ish, because it's a little bit more direct, but I have to tell you if you read Olson v. Corey, it's not that much more direct. This was not a close call.

And this goes to the Board's -- the core of the Board's mission. I mean, this is -- and you heard it in the last appeal, you have to pay benefits that are due, but no more. You have a fiduciary duty to all the other plan members not to pay one plan member more than he's entitled to. This is not the kind of precedent that the Board would want to set.

Very briefly with the 3-year issue, he's claiming here, under 75033.5, many years ago when he retired at age 63, he's saying he should have been able to retire at age 60, and that he was misled, and therefore the JRS owes him for 3 years of retirement payments, plus accrued interest over the years.

And he's -- he is making that argument, not withstanding the fact that 75033.5 says, "No judge shall be eligible to receive an allowance pursuant to this section until the attainment of at least age 63, unless the judge is credited with 20 years of judicial service, and has attained the age of age 60". He did not have 20 years of judicial service. So under the -- obviously, under the plain meaning, I'm interested to hear the

argument today as to how -- why -- why Mr. Mast thinks that he's entitled to retire 3 years earlier than every other judge who is a member of the JRS.

And then the last point I'd like to make here today is just about the recovery of benefits. And I want to be very clear here. This is very much under -- as a matter of law, this is -- whether to recover benefits and how much to recover is very much within the Board's discretion.

I'm not here today to tell you that there is a right answer, or a wrong answer, or to say that I absolutely believe you have to take one action. There is very recent case law from the California courts that say it is this Board's responsibility to take in all the information of this unique situation, and come up with what it believes is the best -- exercise its discretion to come up with what it believes is the best solution here.

Now, staff has presented to this Board the -- a recommendation that we recover the overpayments that go back to when Mr. Mast was notified we would be trying to undue all of this. And I just want to very briefly tell you why I think that's important.

The only reason that his benefits were not corrected back then was because we had to fight this frivolous litigation in Standiforth, and we had -- we

didn't want to fight a multi-front battle, and we were waiting the Standiforth litigation to move forward. Keep in mind, that was a billion dollar case. This is one member. So we put it on hold for a few years.

Now, after he received that letter, he certainly knew what our position was. So --

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Your time is up, Mr. Rieger.

MR. RIEGER: Yeah. Okay. Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Please set the clock. Mr. Horner, your time will being when start speaking.

MR. HORNER: Mr. Rieger and I agree on one thing oddly enough, the retirement age is 60 -- I'm sorry 63, not 60. And that -- to the extent that that is made as an accusation here, it is withdrawn. Judge Mast is seeking benefits only as of a 63-year old retired jurist.

Now, we also agree on the fact that the Olson cases are Supreme Court cases. And I think it's implicit that the district court of appeal, however much they disagree with the Supreme Court cannot overrule the Supreme Court. They have to follow the Supreme Court's mandate, agree or disagree.

So this issue of Standiforth is interesting, but it's really not pertinent here. Now, 21 years after this settlement agreement with PERS was formed, it was formed in 1996. Now, Mr. Rieger is arguing that it's void, but

you don't hear any factual support and there's none in the record.

The contract itself is quite clear. First off, it came up when, as in the record it shows, Judge Mast asked the Judges Retirement System, or PERS, which administers, how much am I going to get? I'm going to retire here pretty soon, and they -- they gave him a figure, which did not include applying any cost of living increases to what he last earned as a municipal court judge when he left the bench.

The proper way to calculate that under Olson versus Corey would be to apply unlimited cost of living increases to that salary.

Now, we agree that he had 13 years, 2 months service. We agree that the proper percentage of the last salary he received is 49.4752. That's in the record. And at the time he retired, judges made 4,266 a month. It is to that figure, not anything else, that the unlimited cost of living increases should be applied. There's nothing hypothetical about that. The record is replete with hypothetical judges, hypothetical this, hypothetical that. That is not hypothetical. This is plain old ordinary contract law.

So -- but that wasn't done. Over the years, sometimes PERS paid a cost of living adjustment, sometimes

they didn't. They didn't explain it. And as we've heard, there was request to correct this, to get justification. And finally I -- and I can say here a complaint was filed in Statement of Issues in 2011, which brings us here today.

Now, when you look at a contract like this, you have to determine if it's void as of the time it was entered into. It says we, PERS, and Judge Mast are going to abide by the Supreme Court decision in Olson versus Corey, and it spells it right out. It also says PERS must pay the unlimited COLAs required, because all of Judge Mast's service basically was in the protected period.

Well, why should that be a big secret? What's going on here? Is this a carve-out for Mast, because he shook down the PERS, and they said, gee, you know, you put a gun to our head, we better give you money?

No, it's not that at all. What happened was it was acknowledged in the record that PERS has not been paying retired judges in the same positions as Judge Mast COLA adjustments. They haven't done it. And we don't want you to go blabbing about how we should have, but didn't, so we'll pay you what you got coming. We'll pay you what the law says you got coming, but keep it quiet.

And that's -- and this agreement that's in the record, the settlement agreement is -- which is Exhibit A,

says just that. It was prepared by the PERS staff. It was signed by Mike Priebe, the manager of the Judges'
Retirement System, and all parties are bound by it.

There was no wrong doing admitted. It just said, look, we're going to follow the law. We'll just pay you. You know, so let's just all move on. But then they didn't, and that's why we're here today.

It's interesting to note, as we look at the spreadsheet that Judge Mast has in the record, which is Exhibit K, King, you should be aware that in 1998 the voters gave the counties an option to merge the Superior and Municipal courts. And two years later, I think it was 2001, that became a reality, which jumped up the municipal court judges' salaries by about 9 and a half percent.

But if you look at the spreadsheet, there's no 9 and a half percent bump anywhere in here. Judge Mast has only applied the cost of living adjustments, which he should have received starting with his original salary, which he could not receive until he turned age 63.

That's -- that's what this is all about.

It is just basic contract law. There was a valid contract formed. The Olson case was incorporated into it, not that it had to be, but it was. Olson was not followed. JRS admits not paying the unlimited cost of living adjustments, as Olson requires. There's no need

for a hypothetical judge in the mix. It's just look at what his old salary was, and what are the cost of living increases.

Because keep in mind, his receipt of the retirement was deferred until he turned age 63. He couldn't receive it when he retired, because he wasn't old enough. He was only 49. So -- but at that point, he was -- had a vested right to those benefits. Retirement benefits are vested. They can not be changed, and that's what Olson says.

Now, however, judges get reelected periodically. An if you get reelected, then you agree to take on whatever the current arrangement is. And after the protected period was up, that would be a 5 percent cap. There's no doubt about that. They might be a different salary. No doubt about that either. No argument. But here, all of his service was within this protected period. And all of that service generated retirement benefits subject to the unlimited COLAs.

Now, as far as Standiforth voiding the agreement, twenty some years after it was formed, that just -- it doesn't happen. As a matter of law, that just can't happen.

The situation here is rather easy, because we don't have protected and unprotected service, as there are

in other cases. What do you do with a judge that serve part protected, then got re-elected, and then gets the cap? Well you apportion. It's really ease. But we don't have to worry about that. It's all protected service.

So the point is should it be corrected? Answer, yes, it should. Now, the reason why this recovery of benefits is bandied about here is not before you today, because there's been no accusation filed. If PERS has overpaid somebody, and the somebody won't give them a check back, then we have to file an accusation, and the Statement of Issues, and give them procedural due process to come before this Board, if it comes to that, and explain why they don't owe them money.

Well, that didn't happen. How the administrative law judge got off on this goose chase of recovering benefits and hypothetical judges is a complete mystery. But the administrative procedure is what it is. If they wanted the money back, they should have filed an accusation. So that's not before you.

The only thing before this Board today is do you Judge Mast money? If so, how much? And that's on the spreadsheet that we've provided.

The Supreme Court has never reversed the Olson versus Corey line of cases. There's nothing in the record that says otherwise. And so it's just important to

understand what is vested for retirement purposes. Olson says you do have vesting. That can't be take away. And what can be adjusted later and can be taken away is your right to unlimited COLAs, if you continue to serve after the protected period. Well, it didn't happen here. Those retirement vested -- benefits are vested, the unlimited COLA were vested, and that's what we're talking about here, not the right to get money from whatever a new judge gets which might be up or down. That's only if he continues to be employed.

His salary was -- his retirement benefit was based on his last salary, as a municipal court judge to be enhanced by the unlimited cost of living increases required by Olson. It's just that simple.

There's nothing, other than getting out a calculator and figuring it up. And for some reason, PERS has had a great deal of trouble with that over the years. I don't know why. You've got some very capable people here. There's been staff changes, and all sorts of things. But it's just a basic concept. And Judge Mast in the record shows many, many requests back and forth, phone calls, and letters, will you please do the right thing. And when he got ignored, he finally filed his claim, and that brings us to where we are today.

So I think I have pretty well brought the record

up to where it needs to be. The spreadsheet is Exhibit K. The contract is Exhibit A, alpha. And I think you've got enough to decide how to proceed.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you.

Mr. Rieger, do you wish to have rebuttal?

MR. RIEGER: Yes, please.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Please set the clock for 3 minutes.

MR. RIEGER: First of all, I just want to agree wholeheartedly that the Supreme Court absolutely does rule here. When the Supreme Court speaks, we have to follow it. We're not asking this Board to do anything else other than that.

The point is, is that the Supreme Court rejected this theory in Olson v. Corey. And if there was ever any doubt about that, all we need to do is go to the Standiforth opinion, which also binds this Board, because the Standiforth court was the 4th District Court of Appeal. They issued a published opinion that entities in California have to follow. All the courts have to follow it, unless there's contrary authority out there. And there is none.

And they specifically said in Standiforth that Olson v. Corey does not say what Mr. Horner just told you it said. The Supreme Court said that in Olson v. Corey

itself, and the court, in Standiforth, responding to Mr. Mast's himself arguments said that.

So that's what we're following. That's what needs to be followed here today. Now, I'm not going to get into the weeds of the factual record of the mid-nineties. I will tell you, from my experience with it, it is not as it has been presented to you by Mr. Horner. This was much more Mr. Mast pressing staff than staff somehow looking for a way to sweep something under the rug.

This -- nobody ever thought of this theory. A horrible mistake was made by somebody in the -- in JRS. Okay. It just happened. And the question is, are you going to be bound to it? This was -- this settlement agreement was never approved by this Board.

Assume the worst of your staff. I mean, assume that they -- they -- it was all their idea, and it was always -- all they wanted to do was cheat people out of benefits. Of course, that's not the case. That never happened. But if that did happen, do you want to allow that to happen? Would you allows that to stand up? Would you allow to approve it, even though the settlement agreement never came to you?

And then lastly, there's no -- accusations are not necessary here. That's truly a Red Herring.

Remembers are entitled to administrative due process before CalPERS starts cutting back their benefits. Case law is very clear that administrative due process is flexible and expanding.

In this particular case, nobody touched his benefits until after a full-blown evidentiary rearing before an administrative law judge. He had due process. All this business about accusations, it's -- there's nothing there.

But having said that, again as I mentioned before, the question of how much -- whether and how much to collect from Mr. Mast is entirely within this Board's purview. And I'm not telling the Board that it needs to do it one way or the other.

But with that, I'm done. Thank you.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you. Please set the clock for 3 minutes.

Mr. Horner, whenever you're ready.

MR. HORNER: If somebody comes to the Board and says I'm going to shake you people down, if you don't pay me money, you better do this or else, or I'm going to take you to court, the response is you'd say go to court already. Come on. That is not what happened here. That's the way it's being spun.

This was not a horrible mistake. It was not a

shakedown. And the upside is the parties agreed that the law would be followed, and it just has not been.

Now, accusation. We've just heard once again there is no accusation in play, not from me, but from Mr. Rieger. He says you don't need to bother with that. If you won't get the money back, just void out this 20-year old contract. Just go ahead and do it. But that's not how it works. Procedural due process and the administrative law, procedure requires that an accusation be filed, Statement of Issues be filed, and the parties have an opportunity to be heard. But that's just basic constitutional law.

So the paying back is just not in play at all. I think that we've presented the case. We obviously disagree on how your read Olson, which is nothing new. Lawyers disagree all the time, but we contend that it says what it says. You're suppose to apply unlimited cost of living adjustments to the vested retirement benefits. Those cannot be taken away. That's what Olson says.

I believe that is enough on our end. And I'll be delighted to answer any questions then that the Board members have.

PRESIDENT FECKNER: Thank you. So that exhausts the time. And it's now time for Board members to ask questions, if they any. And questions coming from the

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    Board at this point?
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             Seeing none.
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             Then we will go into recess. The Board will go
 4
    into closed session.
             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Mr. President.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Yes.
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             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: I have a question.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Oh, my lights aren't on.
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    There you go. Sorry. Mr. Jelincic.
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             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. When was Judge
   Mast last elected?
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             MR. HORNER: I believe, sir, that was 1976 -- no,
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    I'm sorry. No -- yes, I think it was, but he did not
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    serve out his full new term. It expired in '79.
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             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Okay. And this is for
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    our staff. When is a settlement, a settlement, and when
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    is it not a settlement?
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             MR. RIEGER: We have -- you know, I would
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    encourage you to read the -- I didn't go through all of
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    these in my oral presentation. If you go into the written
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   presentation, there are a lot of cases here that we
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    provide to give you some direction on that question.
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             But what I would say here is that there was --
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first of all, I think it's against public policy. The

whole idea of keeping this settlement agreement

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confidential is really offensive to the whole concept of CalPERS and JRS's mission. The idea that you would pay one member under a formula that nobody else gets, and then keep that confidential from the world, that's -- I believe that is against public policy and void from the start.

But beyond that, I will acknowledge, you make a good point, that how do you draw that line? And I think in this case, we apply the cases that we provided in our background material, and then look at the facts of this case. And the facts of this case is that they're just -- he came in and said that black is white, and settle with me or else I'll tell every other judge that black is white. And that can't possibly be a binding contract.

BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: And if a settlement agreement is not a settlement agreement because something changed or the understanding changed, are we not actually discouraging settlements? And doesn't the law, in fact, favor seeking settlements?

MR. RIEGER: I think you do want to discourage settlement agreements like this. I think when somebody comes in and says that I have a legal theory. I want you to pay me under that legal theory, provided I tell nobody else about my theory, I think you should discourage that absolutely. And, yes, I think a ruling in favor of staff here would do that.

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             BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC:
                                      Thank you.
             PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right.
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             Anyone else?
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             Seeing no other requests, then this Board is
    going to go into recess and have -- discuss with our
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    independent counsel, and we will be back out to reconvene
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7
    shortly.
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             MR. HORNER: Thank you for the hearing.
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             (Off record: 12:40 p.m.)
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             (Thereupon the meeting recessed
             into closed session.)
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12
             (Thereupon the meeting reconvened
13
             open session)
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             (On record: 12:58 p.m.)
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: We're now going to reconvene
16
    the Board Meeting.
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             Mr. Jones.
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             VICE PRESIDENT JONES: Yeah. Thank you, Mr.
   President.
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             I move that the Board reject the proposed
   decision on remand's ruling, that the settlement agreement
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22
    is unenforceable, and adopt the proposed decision on
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    remand's ruling, that the member was not entitled to
2.4
    retire until he reached age 63.
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             PRESIDENT FECKNER: Is there a second?
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1 BOARD MEMBER JELINCIC: Second. 2 PRESIDENT FECKNER: It's been moved by Jones, 3 seconded by Jelincic. Please turn on the machine for a roll call vote. 4 5 (Thereupon an electronic vote was taken.) 6 PRESIDENT FECKNER: All right. The motion 7 Agenda Item 11 is done. Thank you very much for 8 everybody that participated. 9 That brings us to Agenda Item 14, Public Comment. 10 Is there anybody left from the public that wishes to address the Board at this time? 11 12 (Laughter.) 13 PRESIDENT FECKNER: It would appear not. 14 So at this point, we are going to close the open 15 session, and go quickly into closed session, which 16 hopefully will only be about 15 minutes. 17 So we are adjourning the open session. (Thereupon the California Public Employees' 18 19 Retirement System, Board of Administration 20 open session meeting adjourned at 12:59 p.m.) 21 22 23 2.4 25

1 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 I, JAMES F. PETERS, a Certified Shorthand 3 Reporter of the State of California, do hereby certify: 4 That I am a disinterested person herein; that

That I am a disinterested person herein; that the foregoing California Public Employees' Retirement System, Board of Administration open session meeting was reported in shorthand by me, James F. Peters, a Certified Shorthand Reporter of the State of California.

That the said proceedings was taken before me, in shorthand writing, and was thereafter transcribed, under my direction, by computer-assisted transcription.

I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for any of the parties to said meeting nor in any way interested in the outcome of said meeting.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 22nd day of February, 2017.

James & Putter

JAMES F. PETERS, CSR
Certified Shorthand Reporter
License No. 10063